

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

VOLUME 16.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1886.

NUMBER 5.

ADVERTISING RATES.

| Space. | 1 w | 1 m | 3 m | 6 m | 1 y |
|-----------------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1 Inch..... | \$ 50 | \$ 1 00 | \$ 2 00 | \$ 3 00 | \$ 5 00 |
| 1/2 Column..... | 1 00 | 2 00 | 4 00 | 6 00 | 10 00 |
| 1/3 Column..... | 2 00 | 4 00 | 8 00 | 12 00 | 20 00 |
| 1/4 Column..... | 2 50 | 5 00 | 10 00 | 15 00 | 25 00 |
| 1/5 Column..... | 3 50 | 7 00 | 14 00 | 21 00 | 35 00 |
| 1/6 Column..... | 4 50 | 9 00 | 18 00 | 27 00 | 45 00 |
| 1 Column..... | 6 00 | 12 00 | 24 00 | 36 00 | 60 00 |

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

METHODIST.—Rev. J. A. McIlwain. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. Sunday school immediately after morning services.

CONGREGATIONAL.—Rev. John A. Kay. Services, at 10:30 A. M., and 7 P. M. Young people's meeting, Sabbath evening, at 6 o'clock. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday School, immediately after morning services.

BAPTIST.—Rev. H. M. Gallup. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday school at 12 M.

LUTHERAN.—Rev. Gottlieb Robertus. Services, one Sabbath at 10:30 A. M., alternate Sabbath at 2 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

CATHOLIC.—Rev. Wm. Considine. Mass every morning at 8 o'clock. Sabbath services at 8 and 10:30 A. M. Catechism at 12 M. and 2:30 P. M. Vespers, 3:30 P. M.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MAILS CLOSE.

| GOING EAST. | GOING WEST. |
|-----------------|-------------|
| 9:31 A. M. | 8:30 A. M. |
| 4:40 P. M. | 10:35 A. M. |
| 8:15 P. M. | 5:45 P. M. |
| | 8:15 P. M. |

THOS. MCKONE, P. M.

CITY BARBER SHOP.

FRANK SHAVER.
Two doors west of Woods & Knapp's hardware store. Work done quickly and in first-class style.

F. H. STILES.

DENTIST.
Office with Dr. Palmer, over Glazier, DePay & Co's. Drug Store.
CHELSEA, MICH. v11-46.

PHOTOGRAPHER.

E. E. SHAVER.
We are making Cabinet Photographs at the reduced price of only three dollars per dozen; Card size \$1.50 per dozen. Gallery over H. S. Holmes & Co's store.

GEO. E. DAVIS—Resident Auctioneer.

Owner of sixteen years experience, and second to none in the State. Will attend all farm sales and other auctions on short notice. Orders left at this office will receive prompt attention. Residence and P. O. address, Sylvan, Mich. V-13-5.

CHELSEA HOUSE BARBER SHOP.

J. A. CRAWFORD
In basement of Chelsea House, has a spacious, pleasant room, runs two chairs, does first-class work and cuts ladies' bangs in very style.

Doctor Champlin's

OFFICE HOURS

—ARE—

8 to 9 a. m.

1 to 2 &

7 to 8 p. m.

FINE

We are prepared to do all kinds of Plain and Fancy Job Printing—such as Posters, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Tick Jobs, Programmes, Tags, Cards, Pamphlets, Receipts, Etc., Etc., Etc.

PRINTING

Notice to Butter Makers and Consumers.

I will be constantly on hand at my new stand under the postoffice to pay the highest market price, in cash, for all the first class butter I can get, and will also retail first class butter to any who may want, at all times, and at as reasonable figures as any one can sell a good article for. And guarantee satisfaction.

Cash paid for eggs. A. DURAND.

Job Work

We have now in stock a good assortment of news and job paper, card board, Bristol board, calling cards, business cards, letter heads, note heads, bill heads, statements, shipping tags, etc., etc also a skillful and experienced practical printer, whom we expect to keep.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

During the week of the

FAIR!

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S CLOAKS. DRESS GOODS. MEN'S AND BOYS' OVERCOATS.

We will make special low prices for that week.

Do not fail to call at our stores if in want as we have the goods and they must be sold.

PARKER, KEMPFF & SCHENK.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Read the want column.

Never fail to read the want column.

Mrs. Wesley Canfield went to Jackson Tuesday.

Miss Olive Conklin made a trip to Jackson Tuesday.

J. K. Yocum is the Republican nominee for county surveyor.

Do not fail to read on another page the article entitled Our Country.

Miss Anna Hubbard, of Geneva, N. Y., is the guest of Mrs. J. L. Gilbert.

FOUND—A satin cape with silk plush trimming. Inquire at this office.

For Sale.—A second hand cook's stove a bargain. C. E. LEWIS.

Let us print your election slips. We will do it "with neatness and dispatch," cheap too.

Everything you want in clothing or gent's furnishing goods can be found at BEGOLE & MORTON'S.

New subscribers can have the HERALD from the present time until Jan. 1, 1886, for \$1.50.

Mrs. Jas. C. Harrington has returned from her visit at Palmyra, N. Y., much improved in health.

A number of our citizens attended the Republican and Prohibition conventions at Ann Arbor on Tuesday.

Don't forget that we are selling lots of A. J. Johnson & Co.'s fine shoes. They are making friends every day. BEGOLE & MORTON.

Mrs. J. W. Beasley, who has been visiting friends in this place, returned to her home at Niles on Tuesday.

Only three arrests for disorderly conduct, during the fair last week, notwithstanding the flow of beer and whisky.

Jas. Speer and family started this morning for Battle Creek, Somerset and other places, to spend a few days of recreation.

If you want the best rubber for ladies' men's, boys', girls' or children's wear, call on BEGOLE & MORTON.

Miss Katie Balsor, of Canton, O., and Miss Paulina Keck, of Cleveland, O., were visiting Geo. Blach and other friends in this vicinity last week.

We have a high cut shoe for girls. Just the thing for winter. BEGOLE & MORTON.

Wraps, jewelry and an umbrella, picked up on the fair ground, have been left at this office. Owners can have them by calling and identifying them.

Sam. Guerin showed us recently a very fine collection of 108 old and rare coins. They are attached to plates of glass so as to show the stamp on both sides.

Men's and boys' puritan calf shoes, at BEGOLE & MORTON'S.

Mrs. Traverse, of Albany, N. Y., Mrs. Krum, of Schoharie, N. Y., and Mrs. Collins, of Janesville, Wis., have been guests of Jas. Rowe, of Sylvan, about ten days.

See our boys' high cut shoes for winter. BEGOLE & MORTON.

Chelsea creamery butter can be found on sale at Conkright & Fletcher's and Blach Bros. No butter retailed at the factory.

Mrs. Lizzie Freme has gone to Chicago to spend some time with her sisters, who reside in that city.

Miss L. C. Jones, who has had a hair-dressing establishment in the Durand and Hatch Block, has discontinued her business there and gone to Battle Creek.

At the meeting of the Chelsea Debating Club last evening the following officers were elected: Pres., C. E. Depew; Vice Pres., E. S. Prudden; Sec., J. Sibley; Treas., N. Prudden.

With this number closes the admirable story by Jules Verne, that has been running so long. Several have spoken to me of its excellence, and will be sorry to have it come to an end.

Call and see the man's boot we are selling at \$2.00. BEGOLE & MORTON.

Now is the time to subscribe for the HERALD. \$1.50 will pay new subscriptions from the present time until Jan. 1, 1886.

J. S. Wilkinson, real estate dealer of Algona, Iowa, has been visiting friends and relatives in this county this week and at the same time been doing some good advertising for his western lands.

The beautiful ceremony of confirmation of 72 children—30 from Pinckney and 42 from Chelsea—and 5 adults, performed by Bishop Burgess at St. Mary's church on Monday was very impressive and interesting.

Mrs. Dr. Ewing, of New York, is visiting her brother Thos. Sears and other relatives in other parts of the state. Mrs. Ewing is always welcome wherever she is known.

Our readers will find, on the last page, another of Alden's advertisements. Now there is another opportunity to get any of Alden's publications—the world's best literature—for almost nothing. Order through this office as soon as possible. I have a complete catalogue to assist in making out your order. Do not delay.

Our Country, so highly recommended on another page, is a book of 259 pages, and is furnished in paper for 25 cents, in cloth for 50 cents. It will be combined with the HERALD for 15 and 30 cents, to either new or old subscribers.

Mrs. Hooker and Katie started for Cleveland Saturday, to attend the millinery openings there and purchase goods. Mrs. Hooker will return Wednesday. Katie will remain in Detroit a few days and attend the openings there. Call and see the new goods.

At the meeting of the C. L. S. C. on Monday evening last the following officers were elected: Pres., A. N. Morton; Vice Pres., Miss M. L. Wright; Sec., Miss Tillie Mutschel. The prospect is fair for a prosperous and profitable year to the society.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, for the week ended Oct. 2, 1886:

Bothke, Miss Augusta; Fanon, M. A.; Jones, Geo. W.; Lynn, Wm. H.; Srotten, Mrs. Margaret.

Persons calling for any of the above, please say "advertised."

THOS. MCKONE, P. M.

WE OWE NO ONE

AND

NO ONE OWES US.

This is the reason that F. W. DUNN & CO'S Housekeepers' Bazaar can outsell all others.

FAIR WEEK

We shall open up 10 dozen Alaska Knitted Caps, in all colors, at 25 cents and 42 cents each, sold by other dealers at 35 and 75 cents each.

Grand display of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS at one-half the usual prices asked by music dealers.

ON THE FAIR GROUNDS 4000 large pop corn balls at 1c. each. 500 lbs. of our strictly pure mixed candy at 10c. per lb.

If you want bargains in any kind of FANCY GOODS you will certainly find them at F. W. DUNN & CO'S

Housekeepers' Bazaar.

T. W. Baldwin and wife have gone East, to spend a few weeks with relatives in the state of New York.

Now that the fairs are over we hope our correspondents will find leisure to send us a little news every week.

Those interested in the Chelsea Library Association are requested to meet at the parlor of the Savings Bank on Saturday, October 9, at 4 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of taking measures for reorganization and election of officers. See editorial on the subject.

Notice.

A meeting of the W. W. & E. J. Agricultural and Horticultural Association will be held at Town Hall, on Saturday, Oct. 16, 1886, to receive report of the fair and transact any necessary business. A general attendance is requested.

The M. I. Society will meet at the residence of Geo. BeGole, on Monday evening, October 11, 1886, at 7 o'clock.

Mrs. G. A. BEGOLE, Pres., MISS TILLIE MUTSCHEL, Sec.

CHELSEA, Mich., Oct. 6, 1886.

W. B. Bond, secretary of the Southern Michigan Mutual Association, of Union City, Mich., settled my loss to-day on certificate No. 534. I am perfectly satisfied that the company does business honestly and fairly, and I cheerfully recommend the company to the public. [Duplicate.] FRANK YOUNG.

Shropshire Sheep for Sale.

We have a few pure bred Shropshire Rams and some ewe lambs, also a small flock of ewes, ranging in ages from one to three years old, all bred direct from imported sires. Will sell in any number to suit purchasers. Write to us for particulars or call and see our stock before purchasing elsewhere. Our farm is situated five miles North East of Dexter Village.

VALENTINE BROS., Dexter, Mich.

Farm for Sale.—On the Territorial road, two and one half miles east of Chelsea, consisting of 286 acres; 170 acres of which is plow land and 25 acres of timber, the rest meadow land. For further particulars inquire on the premises of THOMAS FLETCHER.

Premiums Awarded at the Western Washtenaw and Eastern Jackson Fair.

DIVISION A.—CATTLE.

Class 1.—SHORTHORNS.

| 1ST PREMIUM. | |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| J J Pratt, Dexter, bull, 3 y's | \$ 4 50 |
| O C Burkhardt, Chelsea, " 2 " | 2 50 |
| Oscar Easton, Dexter, bull calf, | 1 00 |
| " " " " 3 y's and over, | 3 00 |
| " " " " 8 " old, | 2 50 |
| " " " " heifer 2 y's " | 1 50 |
| J J Pratt, " " 1 y'r " | 1 00 |
| J J Pratt, " " calf, | 1 00 |

2ND PREMIUM.

| | |
|---|------|
| L B Lawrence, Chelsea, bull, 2 y's | 1 00 |
| J V N Gregory, Dexter, " calf, | 50 |
| J J Pratt, Dexter, cow, 4 y's and over, | 1 50 |
| Oscar Easton, " heifer, 1 y'r old | 50 |

Class 2.—DEVONS.

| 1ST PREMIUM. | |
|---|------|
| T Taylor, Chelsea, cow, 4 y's and ov'r, | 3 00 |

WATCH REPAIRING.

Having purchased a \$1,500 stock of Watch material at 20 cents on the dollar we propose to divide the benefit with our customers, and until this stock is exhausted, will do all watch repairing at the following prices:

Main Springs, 40cents, regular price \$1.00. Cleaning Watches, 40 cents, regular price \$1.00.

Cleaning Clocks, 40 cents, regular price \$1.00.

Watch Crystals, 5 cents, regular price 25c.

Watch Crystals, flat, 10 cents, regular price, 40 cents.

All work warranted to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded.

GLAZIER, DEPUY & CO.

Go to Glazier's Bank Drug Store for Timothy and Clover Seed.

Buy Timothy Seed at Glazier's Bank Drug Store and save money.

Salt, \$1.00 per barrel at Glazier's.

Class 3.—AYRESHIRE.

| 1ST PREMIUM. | |
|---|------|
| Milo Baldwin, Chelsea, cow, 4 y's and over, | 3 00 |
| Milo Baldwin, Chelsea, heifer calf, | 1 00 |

Class 4.—HEREFORDS.

No entries.

Class 5.—ALDERNEYS AND JERSEYS

| 1ST PREMIUM. | |
|---|------|
| C C Dorr, Grass Lake, bull, 3 y's and over, | 4 50 |
| E A Nordman, Dexter, bull, 2 y's, | 2 50 |
| C C Dorr, Grass Lake, bull, 1 y'r, | 1 00 |
| O C " " " bull calf, | 1 00 |
| C C " " " heifer 1 y'r | 1 00 |
| O C " " " " calf, | 1 00 |

Class 6.—HOLSTEINS.

| 1ST PREMIUM. | |
|---|------|
| J H Hubbard, Waterloo, bull 3 y's and over, | 4 50 |
| E A Nordman, Dexter, bull, 2 y's, | 2 50 |
| Chas Goodwin, " " 1 y'r, | 1 00 |
| E A Nordman, " " calf, | 1 00 |
| Mills Bros, Ann Arbor, cow 4 y's and over, | 3 00 |
| E A Nordman, Dexter, cow, 3 y's | 2 50 |
| Mills Bros, Ann Arbor, heifer, 2 y's, | 1 50 |
| J H Hubbard, Waterloo, heifer, 1 y'r, | 1 00 |
| Mills Bros, Ann Arbor, heifer calf, | 1 00 |

2ND PREMIUM.

| | |
|---|------|
| J McLaren, Chelsea, bull, 3 y's and ov'r | 2 50 |
| E A Nordman, Dexter, bull, 1 y'r, | 50 |
| Mills Bros, Ann Arbor, bull calf, | 50 |
| Mills Bros, Ann Arbor, cow, 3 y's and over, | 1 00 |
| Mills Bros, Ann Arbor, heifer, 1 y'r, | 50 |
| J. H. Hubbard, Waterloo, heifer calf, | 50 |

Class 7.—ABERDEENS.

| 1ST PREMIUM. | |
|-----------------------------------|------|
| W Westfall, Chelsea, bull, 1 y'r, | 1 00 |

Class 8.—GRADE AND NATIVES.

| 1ST PREMIUM. | |
|--|------|
| T Sutherland, Pittsfield Junction, 3 cows, any breed, for dairy, | 4 00 |
| T Sutherland, Pittsfield Junction, grade cow, 4 y's and over, | 2 50 |
| T Sutherland, Pittsfield Junction, cow 3 y's, | 1 50 |
| T Sutherland, Pittsfield Junction, grade heifer, 1 y'r, | 1 00 |
| J H Hubbard, Waterloo, grade calf, | 1 00 |

2ND PREMIUM.

| | |
|--|------|
| Geo Fuller, Chelsea, grade cow 4 y's and over, | 1 50 |
| T Sutherland, Pittsfield Junction, grade calf, | 50 |

Class 9.—WORK OXEN AND STEERS.

| | |
|--|------|
| H H Boyd, Sylvan, yolk 4 y's and o'r, | 3 00 |
| G English, Chelsea, yolk 2 y's, | 1 50 |
| T Sutherland, Pittsfield Junction, yolk 1 y'r, | 1 00 |

Class 10.—FAT CATTLE.

| 1ST PREMIUM. | |
|---|------|
| T Sutherland, Pittsfield Junction, fat ox or steer, 2 y's | 1 00 |
| T Sutherland, Pittsfield Junction, fat cow, 4 y's, | 2 50 |
| T Sutherland, Pittsfield Junction, fat heifer, 3 y's, | 1 50 |
| T Sutherland, Pittsfield Junction, fat heifer, 2 y's, | 1 00 |

2ND PREMIUM.

| | |
|--|----|
| T Sutherland, Pittsfield Junction, fat ox or steer, 2 y's, | 50 |
|--|----|

[Continued on page 4.]

STATE NEWS.

A Small Flood.

Rain fell in torrents in Clair and Osceola counties on the night of Sept. 25, doing great damage. At Reed City, five inches of water fell in six hours. At eight points on the western division of the Flint & Pere Marquette railroad, serious washouts occurred, delaying all trains for twenty hours. While on the way to Ewart, a train bearing officials of the road, ran into a culvert, washed out but not discovered, and the engine and cars left the track. One rail pierced the front of the engine and boiler and passed through to the fire-box. Engineer Hamilton and Fireman Burnette, of East Saginaw were severely bruised and scalded, but will recover. A little girl in Reed City was killed.

Charles Kendall, aged 62 and a member of one of the oldest and most respected families in Grand Rapids, suicided recently by shooting himself in the head. He stood before a mirror in his sister's house and fired the shot. He was a sufferer from dyspepsia.

Albert Stookoy, a Pulaski, Jackson Co., farmer, aged 70 years, recently cut and put up 101 shocks of heavy corn, with thirty-six hills to each shock, making a total of 3,336 hills in one day. He had to quit work before night on account of rain or he would have made a higher record.

The Michigan hoop and stove company at St. Louis have received within the past few weeks new machinery, costing \$6,000, and expect to be able within a few weeks to turn out 40,000 patent coil hoops daily. Their salt and bromine works are running night and day.

MICHIGAN ITEMS.

Fire in Taymouth, Saginaw county, on the farm of P. W. McNally destroyed the house and barn. A blacksmith shop, wagon shed, slaughter house, five corncribs and granary with 800 bushels of oats, were also destroyed. Loss \$2,800. Partially insured.

F. D. Swan, for the last year Michigan Central station agent at Kalamazoo, has been promoted to agent at the Junction Yards near Detroit, and J. W. Fulford, for the past thirteen years cashier for the road in the celery village, has been promoted to station agent. Swan was presented with a handsome solid silver tea set by friends.

Litigation over the McComber mine in Negaunee is at an end, and the owners now have full possession by virtue of a judicial decree lately rendered.

Daniel Looney shot and killed James Maloney in a ball room at Coral, February 23, was convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to Ionia for five years. He was to have been taken from the jail at Stanton to Ionia, but made his escape just about ten minutes before the sheriff was to start with him for the train. He has not yet been captured.

McPherson and Mecklin are reported to have found a lump of gold weighing three pounds 600 in the earth nine miles southwest of Ionia. They were boring for brine.

Fred Haas was seriously burned at Manistee by a gas explosion in the Engelmann salt well, when Haas entered with a lantern and an explosion followed.

Burglars raided Shanahan's clothing store in Marshall the other night, and carried off considerable clothing, which was afterwards found near the city gas works covered by a pile of brick.

Amasa F. Lee of the Saranac firm of Lee & Brown, has turned over his property to the firm's creditors, who will receive 100 cents on the dollar. It is asserted that Lee had only \$100 with him at the time he left Saranac.

Ida Brady and Elsie Hall, neither of whom is over 13 years old, were arrested at East Saginaw, charged with setting fire to an old church. As the children only "wanted to see the thing burn" they were released.

Ed. Egery, a Three Rivers boy, has been nominated for the legislature by the Knights of Labor of Racine, Wis.

Dr. Luther Lee of Flint, who is 86 years old, preached the first prohibition sermon ever delivered in this country at Lowell, Mass., in 1841.

Mrs. Hinkley, a pioneer of Milford, was found dead in bed the other day. Heart disease.

For some time counterfeit coin has been circulating very freely in Jackson and vicinity. Russell Paschal, has been arrested on suspicion of being engaged in the business. When arrested he had about \$25 of the coin in his possession. During the state fair he was constantly on the grounds and is thought disposed of a large amount. Paschal pleaded not guilty and was remanded to jail.

About 50 delegates attended the first meeting of the Michigan state association of business men at Grand Rapids, and a permanent organization was effected, with the following officers: President, Frank Hamilton, of Traverse City; vice-president, Mr. Morgan of Monroe; second vice-president, E. J. Herrick; secretary, E. A. Stowe; treasurer, Julius Schuster of Kalamazoo. The session was devoted to interesting papers and discussions.

William Harsha, a Detroit pioneer, is dead.

The election of officers of the state agricultural society resulted as follows: President, Wm. Chamberlain, Three Oaks; treasurer, A. J. Dean, Adrian; secretary, J. C. Sterling, Monroe; executive committee, Wm. Ball, Hamburg; John C. Sherr, Jackson; A. O. Hyde, Marshall; W. H. Cobb, Kalamazoo; E. M. Rising, David-son Station; H. Butterfield, Lapeer; John Lessier, Jersey; Jas. M. Turner, Lansing; J. P. Shoemaker, Amsten; F. Hart, Smith.

Hon. John P. Hagarth, United States bank examiner for Michigan, died suddenly at his home in Monroe, on the 18th inst, of peritonitis.

The management of the soldiers' home have concluded to issue an order not to admit any more inmates in the temporary homes, as applications have increased so rapidly that the appropriations made by the legislature of \$50,000 will be exhausted before the new home is completed. There are 199 present; 80 on furlough with 133 heretofore disposed of making a total of 412 cared for since September 11, 1885.

Mr. Lockwood, an old man of Cedar Springs, was found dead in bed the other morning.

Grace Baldwin of northwest Hartford, was standing before a mirror combing her hair, when her sister, who was in the room sewing, looked up and saw her fall forward, apparently surrounded by a halo of flame. When reached she was dead, stricken with a bolt of lightning that had entered the house near the chimney.

John B. Mallory, a resident of Elwell, Gratiot county, since 1855, is dead.

The planing mill, dry kiln, storing shed, barn and several thousand feet of lumber were burned at Wington, three miles from Baldwin, Lake county, a few days ago. Loss, \$15,000; insurance, \$6,000.

James Aldrich, who has just completed a seven months' term at Jackson for Bigamy, was re-arrested upon leaving the prison and taken to Saginaw to answer for another case of the same crime.

Judge Gridley at Jackson, sentenced James Clark, alias Skiggins, to two years in state prison for robbing the passengers on the Michigan Central train at Jackson in May, 1883. While in jail awaiting trial he escaped, but was brought back from Wisconsin two months ago.

Battle Creek now has free mail delivery.

Frank Kosker, a young single man from Detroit, who was employed on the Toledo & Ann Arbor railroad, was killed in the tunnel of the road at Howell the other morning by being knocked off the train and over the cars.

W. A. Simpson of Hersey has gone to Wisconsin, where he has secured a ten years' contract for putting in logs.

Saginaw valley men who are interested in upper Michigan will cut more pine in that region the coming winter than last.

DETROIT MARKETS.

WHEAT—Cash wheat sells very freely at reduced prices, and a fair amount of trading is being done. White wheat is quoted at 75¢@76¢, and Red wheat at 75¢@77¢.

CORN—Market dull and easy at 30¢@41¢.

OATS—Very quiet at 30¢@31¢.

CLOVER SEED—Prime is in good demand at \$4 70.

RYE—Is quoted at 25¢ per bu, but the market is only quiet.

BARLEY—Market dull. For No. 2, \$1 25 per cental asked.

FEED—Bran quoted at \$10 00@10 25, and middlings at \$10 25@13 75.

FLOUR—Prices steady as follows: Patent process \$4@4 25; patent, Michigan \$4 25@4 50; low grades, \$2 75@3; patent, Minnesota, \$4 75@5; Minnesota bakers', \$4 @4 20; rye, \$3@3 50.

FRUIT—Apples, \$1 25@1 75 per bbl. pears, choice varieties \$3@5 per bbl; white peaches, \$1@1 75; yellow peaches, \$1 75@2 per bu; plums, \$2@3 per bu; crab apples, 75¢@1; quinces, \$4 50 per bbl. Grapes firmer under limited receipt. Fresh Concord, 2 1/2@3; and Delaware and Catawbas 5@6 per lb. Crab Apples very slow. Held at \$1 per bu. Cranberries, choice Cape Cods held at \$9 per bbl; per bu \$3@4; quiet.

CHEESE—New York full cream, 10¢@10 1/2¢ and Michigan, 10¢@10 1/2¢; Ohio grades, 8 1/2¢@9 1/2¢.

EGGS—The market ruled firm on light offerings at 16¢@16 1/2¢.

BUTTER—A little boom in prices is noted, dairy being quoted at 16¢@18¢ and creamery at 24¢@25. The demand continues good against very small arrivals.

POTATOES—Quotably steady at 50¢@60¢ per bu. and \$1 50@1 60 per bbl.

POULTRY—Receipts large and the market dull at 7¢@8¢ per lb for spring chickens, 4¢ for roosters, 3¢ for ducks, 7¢@8¢ for fowls and 9¢@10¢ for turkeys, per lb live. Pigeons 20¢ per pair.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork, \$11; family, \$13 50; ex-family \$14, clear family, \$14 50. Lard in tierces, 7 1/2¢; kegs, 7 1/2¢; 20 to 50 lb tubs, 7 1/2¢; 3, 5 and 10 lb pails, 8¢@8 1/2¢. Smoked hams, 12 1/2¢; shoulders, 7 1/2¢; breakfast bacon, 8 1/2¢; dried beef, 8¢; ex-mess beef, \$7 50; plate beef, \$7 75.

GAME—Per doz. woodcock, \$3; snipe, \$1 50; per pair partridges, 65¢@70¢; wood duck, 50¢; Mallard, 60¢; blue wing teal, 40¢; per lb bear saddles, 8¢@8 1/2¢.

HAY—Baled, car lots, \$10@12 per ton. A good supply.

HORS—Best eastern, 30¢@35¢ per lb. Fair to good Michigan, 20¢@25¢. Inferior grades 15¢@18¢.

HONEY—Fair inquiry. The supply fair at 13¢@14¢ per lb for comb.

CATTLE—Market slow; common weaker; shipping steers, \$5 to 1500 lbs, \$3 40@4 90; stocker and feeders, \$2@3 40; cows, bulls, and mixed \$1 40@3 15; bull \$2 20@2 70; through Texas cattle, quiet; cows \$1 90@2 50; steers \$2 50@3 15; Western rangers, weak; natives and half-breeds \$3@3 70; cows, \$2 30@2 90; Wyoming, \$3 70; Montana half-breeds, \$3 10.

HOGS—Market steady; rough and mixed, \$3 70@4 60; packing and shipping, \$4 50@4 85; light, \$3 60@4 60; skips, \$2 25@4 50.

SHEEP—Market steady; natives, \$2@3 85; Western, \$3@3 60; Texans, \$2 40@3; lambs, \$3 50@4 70.

Bloody Crime in Missouri.

Malcom Logan and family, consisting of wife, three children and adopted girl, seven years old, were murdered on their farm six miles east of Cuba, Mo., at an early hour the other morning. The first discovery of the horrible crime was made by a neighbor who saw a trail of blood leading to the house, which he followed. The first object he found on entering the residence was the body of the adopted girl lying in the hall. She had been killed with a hatchet. The rear portion of the house was burned down and in the ruins were found the charred remains of Mrs. Logan and three children. The father's body was missing. The trail of blood was again followed and a mile and a half from the house Logan's body was found. He also has been killed with a hatchet. The body was dragged to the railroad track and placed on the rails. Logan had recently received \$1,300 for some property and robbery is supposed to be the motive for the crime.

P. F. Wallace, a railroad man, has been arrested on suspicion of being the murderer. He strenuously denies his guilt. It is claimed he flagged the train near the scene of the murder and went direct to Cuba.

Seized Sealing Vessels.

Dispatches have been received at the navy department from Lieut. Commander Nichols of the Pinta, from Sitka, Alaska, giving information regarding the seizure of the British sealers by the revenue cutter Gorwin. The three seized vessels were left at Onalaska, in charge of the United States deputy marshal and the crew brought to Sitka and tried. The captain and mate of the British schooner Thornton were tried by jury, found guilty and sentenced each to imprisonment for 30 days and fined—the captain \$500 and the mate \$300. The captain and mate of the American schooner San Diego waived a jury trial and were convicted. The captain was sentenced to two months' imprisonment and the mate to one month. The Corwin went to Nanajmo, B. C., where 23 British seamen will be landed at Port Townsend by Capt. Abbey.

Death of Rev. H. M. Joy.

Rev. Henry M. Joy, formerly presiding elder of the Grand Rapids and other Michigan Methodist conference districts, and one of the most prominent Methodist ministers in the state, was thrown from his carriage at Greenacres, Ind., on the afternoon of the 30th, and died the next morning from the injuries sustained. He was transferred to the northern Indiana conference at Kalamazoo, and preached his first sermon there on the Sunday before his death. He has been pastor of churches at Ionia, Lansing, Niles, Coldwater, Kalamazoo and Grand Rapids. The remains were taken to Grand Rapids for interment.

Belva Drops the Hat.

Belva Lockwood is to be a candidate for the presidency in 1888, if a coalition can be effected between the prohibitionists and the woman suffragists.

HOME NEWS.

Charles F. Nusbaumer, a Chicago cigar manufacturer who has been boycotted, will prosecute the boycotters for conspiracy, and demands that the United States district attorney begin the suit, as having paid his tax he acquires a right under the law to manufacture cigars.

Canadians are cutting timber on Minnesota border lands and floating it to Canadian territory, where it is sold to Canadians.

Asher B. Durand, the oldest American painter of note, died recently at his home in South Orange, N. J.

Chief Constructor Wilson says the United States has the poorest naval outfit of any government in the world, and that we haven't an iron-clad that is fit for service. Gen. Booth, the commander of the salvation army arrived in New York on the 26th ult. He will make a tour of inspection through Canada and the states.

Treasurer Jordan says there is no danger of national banks withdrawing because of the recent bond calls.

The new public printer is making wholesale dismissals in his office.

Commissioner of Patents Montgomery says he has too many clerks in his office.

Local and state officials are doing all in their power to prevent the spread of pleuro-pneumonia in Chicago. The strictest quarantine has been established.

The report of the New York state board of equalization fixes the total assessed valuation of the real and personal property of the state of New York at \$3,224,682,343, against \$3,094,731,457 in 1885, and that of New York City and county at \$1,439,226,250, against \$1,413,416,020 in 1885.

A tornado swept over southwestern Texas on the 28th ult. Hundreds of families have been rendered destitute and homeless. The suffering along the coast is intense.

Democrats of the Toledo district have nominated Frank Hurd for congress.

At Sunday school on the 25th ult., in Sedan, Kan., Simon Smith, colored, shot and wounded Wm. Andrews, colored, against whom he had an old grudge. He shot at him again, but the bullet struck and killed an old Negro named Ben Williams. A mob of colored people tried to lynch the murderer, but he was safely lodged in jail.

The leaders in the anti-Chinese riots in Seattle, W. T., have been acquitted.

Indians in Montana are on the war path.

Joseph Neal, a maternal uncle of President Cleveland, died in Baltimore recently, aged 81 years.

Another bond call for \$15,000,000 of 3 per cent's of 1883 has been issued.

Charleston experienced another earthquake shock Sept. 27. The wave moved from north to south and the shock lasted about two minutes. The same shock was also felt at Savannah, Ga., Summerville, Orangeburg, Camden, Graniteville, Hopkins, Kingville and Ten-Mile Hill.

The St. Louis, Salem & Little Rock road was sold at auction a few days since. The road was bid in by an agent of the bondholders for \$250,000.

The Washington naval yard is to be transformed into a naval gun factory.

Mrs. Delia Parnell arrived in Liverpool a few days ago, and proceeded at once to Dublin. She will not return to America.

On the first of October nearly 3 mechanics were discharged from Washington Navy Yards, as a result of the recently issued order of Secretary Whitney, turning over the entire record of the Ordnance Bureau. Nearly all of the heavy plant now in place will be removed to other yards, and the building vacated will be used to accommodate improved machinery for the fabrication of heavy ordnance. It is believed that the machinery of the equipment department will be sent to the Boston navy yard.

Ten Methodist missionaries leave New York for Africa about the middle of Oct.

A colony of 2,000 will go from Lancaster, Wis., and therabouts to Mexico to settle.

George M. Bartholomew, the Hartford, Conn., defaulter, has been heard from in Canada.

Prosecutions for violation of the oleomargarine law have been commenced at Cincinnati.

E. E. Henry, a prominent druggist of Ormo, Wis., took a drink of carbolic acid in mistake for beef extract and died in terrible agony ten minutes afterward.

William E. Gould of Portland, Maine, charged with misappropriating funds of the bank in which he was cashier, has been sentenced to 10 years in state prison.

Conductor Harrison and engineer Brewer of the excursion train in collision at Silver Creek have both been indicted for manslaughter by the grand jury at Mayville. They are held in \$3,000 bail each. Their cases may be tried this month.

Chief of police Mahody, of Saratoga, N. Y., has been arrested on a charge of trying to extort \$5,000 from the father of Albert Lorrison in the settlement of a case of forgery for which a warrant has been issued and given him for the arrest of young Lorrison.

Washington special says: "It transpires that Secretary Lamar is absent in New England traveling in the company of Mrs. Holt of Macon, Ga., to whom he will soon be wedded, although the happy day is not yet fixed. Mrs. Holt is the widow of a prominent merchant of Macon, and is said to have inherited quite a fortune in her own right from her husband's estate.

Lena Fry, the little daughter of David Fry, at Stumpston, London county, Va., who astonished the physicians and people in the vicinity by her long sleep, is dead. She slept for nine days, and the doctors say she starved to death while asleep.

El Coyote, the Mexican revolutionary leader, has been shot as a rebel.

A live stock train was wrecked and 20 head of cattle killed at Black River Falls, Wis., owing to the breaking of one of the wheels.

Two fast freight engines were destroyed by a collision on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas road, near Clayton, Mo. No one was injured. The loss is \$50,000.

The business portion of the town of Council Grove, Kas., was destroyed by fire recently. The loss is roughly estimated at \$150,000.

A. R. McGill is the Republican candidate for governor of Minnesota.

One effect of the death of Samuel J. Tilden will probably be the starting up the New York mine in Ishpeming. Tilden was the principal owner and ordered the mine shut down between three and four years ago. The mine has in stock 45,000 tons of ore, worth over a quarter of a million dollars. At present the New York is the only leading mine in that district that is closed down.

A. H. Faram's shingle mill in Edmore was burned to the ground the other night.

Wm. Gardiner, aged 45, while fishing on a dock at Zilwaukee, was seized with a fit and fell into the river. He was drowned before assistance could be rendered. Gardiner was a well-known mill-wright of that section, and had resided in Zilwaukee over 20 years.

The gate receipts at the Jackson prison during fair week amounted to \$1,185.

The woman suffrage association of Wisconsin, under the leadership of Susan B. Anthony, voted to besiege the legislature for the right for women to vote at municipal elections.

An explosion occurred in the Dittmar powder works packing house, (in which are stored the cartridges for use in the Croton aqueduct excavation) at Baychester, N. Y., on the 30th ult., and four men were killed. Nothing was left but the fragments of their bodies.

The volume of iron ore shipments from the Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota iron districts is much larger than for many years past.

John Esten Cooke, the well known author, and Col. C. G. Green, former editor of the Boston Post, die on the 27th ult.

The most severe hail storm ever known in the history of South Bend, Ind., visited that city Sept. 22d. Hail stones ruined all the tin, iron and slate roofs in the city, while over 10,000 lights of glass were broken at the Oliver plow works and at least 12,000 in the Studebaker wagon works. Hardly a factory, business house or residence escaped damage. The Olivers estimate the damage to their works at \$10,000. The total damage in the city will probably reach \$60,000. Several people were injured, none seriously.

Two men were killed by the explosion of powder near Scranton, Pa., the other evening.

James Howe of Lafayette, Ind., an old time publisher, and an intimate friend of Horace Greeley, is dead.

A new bridge is to be built over the Missouri river at Kansas City for the new St. Paul railroad.

The Tennessee coal and iron company and the Birmingham, Ala., iron furnaces have combined, making the largest coal and iron syndicate in the world. Alabama iron will thus become cheaper.

Francis R. Brooks, a Harvard student, sued the college for \$50,000 damages sustained by an explosion of a retort with sulphuric acid in it, while he was making an experiment. He charges carelessness to the professor.

The civil service commissioners have amended the rules so as to give further preference in matter of appointments to soldiers and sailors.

George Axtell, condemned to death for murder at Binghamton, N. Y., was found dead in his cell the other day. Either suicide or epilepsy ended his life.

A judgment for \$2,482,794 has been rendered against Oscar F. Baldwin, the cashier who wrecked the Newark, N. J., Mechanics' bank. He is now in prison.

A judgment against cashier Baldwin, now in prison, of \$2,482,794 in favor of the Mechanics' bank, the amount of his delinquency, has been rendered in the United States district court in Trenton, N. J.

The secretary of the interior has granted a pension of \$17 per month to the widow of Dr. Octave Pavy, late acting with the Greeley expedition who died of starvation at Abe Sabin, in June 1884.

It has been decided to offer \$25,000 in prizes for a national military design for all arms of the service at Washington next May.

All presidential appointments of postmasters made during the months of Oct. and Nov. 1885, having been confirmed at the following session of congress, there will be no expirations of commissions of presidential postmasters during these months in this year. There will be, however, 308 expirations during the coming session of congress.

The United States government will establish a protectorate over Cuba.

Rioting between Catholics and Protestants was renewed in Belfast on the 30th ult.

Methodist and Catholic missionaries accuse each other of being responsible for the recent outrages in China.

Seventy-six unions of New York have pledged themselves to support Henry George for mayor in the event of his nomination.

The \$1 silver certificates will be out in two weeks, and the \$2 notes in three weeks.

The Philadelphia city council has decided to impeach Mayor Smith for misfeasance in office.

The Apache captives are safely lodged at Fort Marion, Florida.

The issue of the standard dollars from the mints during the week ending September 25 was \$872,998. The issue during the corresponding period of last year was \$664,438. The shipments of fractional silver coin since September 1 amounted to \$1,012,012.

Treasury officials look to see millions of the silver dollars retired from circulation as soon as the small silver certificates are ready for circulation. The banks throughout the country will help to bring about this result, as to them the silver has been a greater inconvenience than to private individuals.

The new steel cruiser Boston, which suffered some damage two or three weeks ago from the falling of one of her tops, has been repaired, and it is expected that she will be finished and ready to go into commission within two or three weeks. The Chicago, the last and largest of the four steel cruisers authorized by congress in 1883, will probably be finished by the 1st of February.

Libby's Statue.

The president will not issue invitations on behalf of this government to French citizens asking their attendance at the inaugural ceremonies of Liberty's statue, to take place in New York, October 28. The invitations to such citizens of France as may be requested to attend the inauguration will be extended in the name and by the direction of the American committee, under whose control the pedestal has been erected and the statue will be placed in position. These invitations will be presented in France through United States Minister McLane. The president will give the American committee all the aid in cooperation possible to make the inauguration impressive and successful, but will keep within laws on the subject as passed by congress, which makes no mention of invitations to any one and no appropriation for such expenditure. In this connection it is remarked that in the case of the Yorktown commemoration, congress by resolution expressly authorized and directed the president of the United States to invite the citizens of the French Republic, and especially the Lafayette family, and appropriated a sum of money to enable him to execute the resolution, but in the present case no such direction or suggestion has been made by congress.

The Education of the Indians.

The capture of Geronimo and his band of bloodthirsty Apaches, is stated in congressional circles, will lead to a movement this winter to force the remainder of the savages now "out in the cold" to be educated. If the Blair educational bill is pushed again, it is proposed that a provision shall be interpolated compelling all Indians who receive assistance from the government as well as those running wild to be educated. "Should this scheme carry," said a Texan, "it will result in a good deal of employment for the cowboys on the frontier, as about 10 per cent of the Indians will have to be lassoed, and it will require a cable at each one's neck to keep him in school.

Philadelphia merchants are at last to have that boon they long have craved—a naval school. The bill creating the institution was recently approved by President Cleveland, and it only remains to select a vessel from the navy list to get the scheme in working order. It is understood that the choice lies between the sailing sloop Dale, formerly a training-ship at Annapolis, and the old steam frigate Powhatan.

A brilliant meteor was observed one night recently at Washington, Me. It first appeared like an electric spark, illuminating the city in a startling manner. Then a blue ball of fire appeared, turned red, flared again, and became extinguished. The phenomenon occupied half a minute. Then the meteor fell, leaving behind it a red track across the sky, which faded out gradually, and was visible several minutes after the fall.

A vermin exterminator of Boston recently offered to clear a large brewery of a vast quantity of flies which had collected by the millions in the beer hogsheads, for \$250. The proprietor agreed to the terms and the man went to work. "Roll these barrels into the ice-room," he said. The barrels were rolled into the room where ice was made. "Freeze 'em!" said the vermin exterminator. The brewery men were surprised that they had not thought of that simple remedy. They tried it, and in a short time swept out countless numbers of frozen flies.

The most astonishingly beneficial results have followed the use of Red Star Cough Cure by those affected with throat and lung troubles. Price, twenty-five cents.

The bold young man who tried to kiss the pretty widow says that the power of the widow's smile has been greatly over-estimated.—Somerville Journal.

For preventing dandruff and falling of the hair, Hall's Hair Renewer is unequalled.

Every family should be provided with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Cures Colds and Coughs.

A majority of modern prominent people have no recollection of any ancestors.—New York Mail and Express.

Bronchitis is cured by frequent small doses of Piso's Cure for Consumption.

A Carlisle dog committed suicide by pushing his head under a gate and choking to death.

Money. The Marriage Symbol.

Why is marriage a symbol of strength? "Union is strength." But if you have weak lungs, or if you are kept up at night with a croupy child, neither can be strong. Take Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein.

It requires a peculiar talent to canvass a congressional district effectually. Some men who go on the stump, talking for drinks, are not fit to canvass a ham.—New Orleans Picayune.

Why is a person with asthma like a money chest? He is a cougher (coffee). Tell him to take Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein and destroy the resemblance and cure his cough.

Philip D. Armour, the Chicago lard king and railroad manipulator, weighs 250 pounds, and at a pinch could scare up \$20,000,000.

Mullein vs. Cod Liver Oil.

RECOLLECTION.

Through the open doors of memory
Float the visions of the past,
Float and fade like clouds of vapor
Borne on evening's fitful blast.



THE END OF THE CONSPIRATORS.

Sandorf's Revenge

A SEQUEL TO MATHIAS SANDORF AND DOCTOR ANTEKIRTT. By Jules Verne.

AUTHOR OF "JOURNEY TO THE CENTRE OF THE EARTH," "TRIP TO THE MOON," "AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS," "MICHAEL STROGOFF," "TWENTY THOUSAND LEAGUES UNDER THE SEA," ETC., ETC.

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CHAPTER XXVI—CONTINUED.

But the Ferrato had now come into position and begun firing on the flotilla. Her guns and those of the batteries that could be brought to bear were, however, insufficient to prevent the pirates landing.

It was then found that the Senouists were not without artillery. The largest of the zebeds had several field-pieces on wheeled carriages, and these were landed on the shore, which was out of range of the guns either of the town or the central cone.

The Doctor, from his position on the nearest salient, had seen all this, and with his much fewer men could not attempt to stop it. But as they were sheltered by the walls, the assailants, numerous as they were, would find their task a difficult one.

The Senouists, dragging their light guns with them, formed up into two columns, and came marching along with all the careless bravery of the Arab and the audacity of the fanatics, who glory in their contempt of death, their hope of pillage, and their hate of the European.

When they were within range the batteries opened on them. More than one hundred fell, but the others still kept on. Their field-pieces were brought into position, and they began to breach the wall in the angle of the unfinished curtain towards the south.

Their chief, calm amid those who were falling at his side, directed the operation. Sarcany, close by, was exciting him to deliver the assault, and hurl several hundred men at the falling wall.

From the distance, Doctor Antekirtt and Pierre had recognized him, and he had recognized them.

And now the mass of besiegers began their advance to the wall, which had been beaten in sufficiently to let them through. If they succeeded in clearing this breach, they would spread themselves over the town, and the besieged, too weak to resist, would have to abandon it, and, with the sanguinary temperament of the pirates, the victory would be followed by a general massacre.

The hand-to-hand struggle at this point was terrible. Under the Doctor's orders, who stood as impassible in the danger as he was invulnerable amid the bullets, Pierre and his companions performed prodigies of valor, Point Pescade and Cape Matifou lent their assistance, and displayed the most brilliant audacity.

The Hercules, with a knife in one hand, and an axe in the other, kept clear the space around him.

"Go it, my Cape, go it! Down with them!" shouted Point Pescade, whose revolver, incessantly recharging and discharging, was going like a Gatling.

But the foe would not yield. After being many times driven out of the breach they had again swarmed on to the attack, and were slowly fighting through it, they suddenly found themselves attacked in the rear.

The Ferrato had managed to get into a commanding position, within three

cable-lengths of the shore, and with her cannonades all brought to the one side, her long chaser, her Hotchkiss cannons, and her Gatling mitrailleuses, she opened such a fire on the assailants that they were mowed down as the grass before the scythe. She attacked them in the rear, and cannonaded them on the beach at the same time, so as to destroy and sink the boats which had been moored round the rocks.

The blow was a terrible one, and was quite unexpected by the Senouists. Not only were they taken in the rear, but all means of escape would be cut off if their vessels were knocked to pieces by the guns of the Ferrato. The assailants hesitated in the breach that the militia was defending so obstinately. Already more than five hundred had met their deaths, while the besieged had lost but few.

The leader of the expedition saw that he must immediately retreat into the sea or expose his companions to certain and complete destruction. In vain Sarcany demanded that they might continue the attack on the town. The order was given to return to the shore; and the Senouists drew off as if they would be killed to the last man, were the orders given them to die.

But it was necessary to give these pirates a lesson they would never forget. "Forward! my friend! forward!" shouted the Doctor.

And under the orders of Pierre and Luigi, a hundred of the militia threw themselves on to the fugitives as they retreated to the shore. Between the fire from the Ferrato and the fire from the batteries, the Senouists had to give way. Their ranks broke in disorder, and they ran in a crowd to the seven or eight vessels that still were left to them.

Pierre and Luigi, amid the confusion, endeavored above all things, to take one man prisoner. That man was Sarcany. But they wished to have him alive, and it was only by a miracle that they escaped the revolver shots the scoundrel fired at them.

It seemed, however, that fate would again withdraw him from their hands. Sarcany and the leader of the Senouists, followed by a dozen of their companions, had managed to regain a small polacca, which they had cast off and were preparing to get under way. The Ferrato was too far off for them to signal her to pursue, and it looked as though she would escape.

At the moment Cape Matifou saw a field-gun dismount from its carriage and thrown on the beach.

To hurl himself on the still loaded gun, to lift it with superhuman force on to one of the rocks, to steady it by the trunnions, and in a voice of thunder to shout, "Come here, Pescade! Here!" was the work of a moment.

Pescade heard Matifou's shout, and saw what he had done; instantly he understood, ran up, pointed the gun at the polacca, and fired.

The shot went clean through the hull. The recoil hardly shook the living gun-carriage. The leader of the Senouists and his companions were pitched into the water and, for the most part, drowned. Sarcany was struggling with the surf when Luigi threw himself into the sea.

A minute afterwards Sarcany was safe in the huge hands of Cape Matifou.

The victory was complete. Of the two thousand assailants who had landed on the island, only a few escaped to the Cyrenaic to tell the story of the disaster.

Antekirtta would, it could be hoped, for many a year be free from another attack from pirates.

CHAPTER XXVII

JUSTICE.

Count Mathias Sandorf had paid his debt of gratitude to Maria and Luigi

Ferrato. Madame Bathory, Pierre and Sava were at last reunited. After the reward came the punishment.

For some days following the defeat of the Senouists, the colonists were actively employed in repairing damages. With the exception of a few trifling scars, Pierre, Point Pescade and Cape Matifou—that is to say all those who had been most intimately connected with the events of this drama—were safe and sound. That they had not spared themselves, however, needs no affirmation.

Great, therefore, was the rejoicing when they met together in the Stadthaus with Sava Sandorf, Maria Ferrato, Madame Bathory and her old servant Borik. After the funeral of those who had fallen in the battle, the little colony resumed its happy existence. Its future would be free from trouble. The defeat of the Senouists had been disastrous, and Sarcany, who had persuaded them to undertake this campaign against Antekirtta, would no longer be with them to fan the flame of hatred and vengeance.

The Doctor proposed completing his system of defense without delay. Not only would Arsenak be promptly rendered secure from a sudden surprise, but the island itself would nowhere afford a landing-place. And it was intended to invite thither a few more colonists to whom the fertility of the soil would prove an attraction and a guarantee of well-being.

Meanwhile no further obstacle existed to the marriage of Pierre and Sava. The ceremony had been fixed for the 6th of December; and it would take place on that date. And so Point Pescade was particularly busy with the preparations that had been interrupted by the invasion of the pirates from the Cyrenaic.

And now without delay the fate of Sarcany, Toronthal and Carpena was to be decided.

On the 6th of December, two days after the retreat of the Senouists, the Doctor ordered them to be brought to the Stadthaus. The prisoners were unaware of each other's presence in the island, and for the first time found themselves together, when under a guard of a detachment of militia, they came before the tribunal of Arsenak, consisting of the chief magistrate of Antekirtta.

Carpena appeared uneasy; but having lost nothing of his sneakish look, he merely threw furtive glances to the right and left of him, and dared not lift his eyes to his judges.

Toronthal seemed quite cast down, and bowed his head, and instinctively avoided the touch of his old accomplice.

Sarcany had only one feeling—he was furious at having fallen into the hands of this Doctor Antekirtt.

Luigi advanced towards the judges, and began by addressing the Spaniard. "Carpena," said he, "I am Luigi Ferrato, the son of the fisherman of Rovigno, whom you informed against and sent to prison at Stein, where he died."

Carpena drew himself up for an instant. A paroxysm of anger sent the blood to his eyes. Then it was indeed Maria whom he had recognized in the lanes of the Manderaggio, and it was her brother Luigi who thus accused him.

Pierre then advanced, and at first pointing to the banker he said:

"Silas Toronthal, I am Pierre Bathory, the son of Stephen Bathory, the Hungarian patriot, whom you, with your accomplice Sarcany, most shamefully betrayed to the Austrian police at Trieste, and sent to death!"

Then to Carpena he said:

"I am Pierre Bathory, whom you tried to assassinate in the road at Ragusa. I am the intended husband of Sava, the daughter of Count Mathias Sandorf, whom you stole fifteen years ago from the Castle of Arsenak!"

Toronthal was struck as by a crowbar when he recognized Pierre Bathory, whom he thought dead.

Sarcany stood with crossed arms, and except for a slight trembling of his eyelids, retained his impudent immobility.

Neither Toronthal nor Sarcany said a word in reply. And what could they say to their victim, who seemed to have risen from the tomb to accuse them?

But it was quite another thing when Doctor Antekirtt rose in his turn, and said in a grave voice:

"And I, I am the companion of Ladislas Zathmar and Stephen Bathory, whom your treachery caused to be shot in the donjon of Pisano! I am the father of Sava, whom you stole to get possession of her fortune! I am Count Mathias Sandorf!"

This time the effect of the declaration was such that the knees of Silas Toronthal bent to the ground, while Sarcany bent down as if he would sink into himself.

Then the three accused were examined one after the other. Their crimes they could not deny, and for their crimes no pardon was possible. The chief magistrate reminded Sarcany that the attack on the island, undertaken in his own personal interest, had made many victims whose blood cried out for vengeance. Then having given the accused full liberty to reply, he gave sentence conformably to the right given him by this regularly-constituted jurisdiction.

"Silas Toronthal, Sarcany and Carpena, you have caused the deaths of Stephen Bathory, Ladislas Zathmar and Andrea Ferrato! You are sentenced to death!"

"Whenever you like!" replied Sarcany, whose impudence again asserted itself.

"Pardon!" cried Carpena. Toronthal had not the strength to speak.

The three were taken away to the casemates and there kept under guard.

How were the scoundrels to die? Were they to be shot in some corner of the island? That would be to defile the soil of Antekirtta with the blood of traitors! And it was decided that the execution should take place at Kencraf.

That evening one of the Electrics, commanded by Luigi Ferrato, took the prisoners on board, and bore them off to the island, where they were to wait till sunrise for the firing party.

Sarcany, Toronthal and Carpena saw that their time had come; and when they had been landed, Sarcany went up to Luigi and asked him:

"Is it to be this evening?"

Luigi made no reply. The three doomed men were left all alone, and night had fallen when the Electric returned to Antekirtta.

The island was now free from the presence of the traitors. That they could escape from Kencraf, which was twenty miles away from the mainland, was impossible.

"Before to-morrow," said Point Pescade, "they will have eaten each other!"

"Porrah!" said Cape Matifou, in disgust.

The night passed at the Stadthaus. Count Sandorf had not a moment's repose. Locked in his room, he did not leave it until four o'clock in the morning, when he descended to the hall to meet Pierre and Luigi, who were immediately summoned.

A file of militia was waiting in the courtyard of the Stadthaus under orders to embark for Kencraf.

"Pierre Bathory, Luigi Ferrato," said Count Sandorf, "have these traitors been justly condemned to die?"

"Yes they deserve it," answered Pierre.

"Yes," replied Luigi, "and the scoundrels deserve no mercy."

"Then let justice be done, and may God give the pardon that man cannot—"

He had scarcely finished speaking when a fearful explosion shook the Stadthaus, and the whole of the island as if an earthquake had taken place.

Count Sandorf and his companions rushed out, and the whole population in terror came streaming into the streets of Arsenak.

An immense sheet of flame, with enormous masses of rocks and showers of stones, was blazing to a prodigious height towards the sky. Then the masses of rock fell back round the islet, raining huge waves in the sea, and a thick cloud remained suspended in space.

Not a trace was left of the islet of Kencraf, nor of the three men whom the explosion had annihilated.

What, then, had happened?

It will not have been forgotten that the island had been mined in preparation for the landing of the Senouists, and that in case the submarine cable which united it to Antekirtta were put out of action, certain electrical batteries had been buried in the ground, so that the wires had only to be pressed by the feet to be brought in contact and fire the fougasses of perchlorite.

What had happened was this. By chance, one of the doomed men had trodden on these wires. And hence the complete and instantaneous destruction of the islet.

"Heaven has spared us the horrors of an execution!" said Count Sandorf.

Three days afterwards the marriage of Pierre and Sava was duly celebrated at the church at Arsenak. On that occasion Doctor Antekirtt signed his real name of Mathias Sandorf, which he would never again lay down now justice had been done.

A few words will suffice us to finish

our story. Three weeks afterwards Sava Bathory was recognized as the heiress of the Sandorf property. The letter from Madame Toronthal and a declaration obtained from the banker, in which the circumstances and the object of her being stolen were duly set forth, proved sufficient to establish her identity. As Sava was not yet eighteen all that remained of the Carpathian estates in Transylvania came back to her.

Count Sandorf himself could if he had chosen have entered into possession of this property, under an amnesty which had been issued in favor of political prisoners. But if he returned to public life as Mathias Sandorf he could not remain chief of the great family of Antekirtta. And he wished to pass his life among those who loved him.

The little colony, thanks to his renewed efforts, began to flourish exceedingly. In less than a year it had doubled its population. Scientists and inventors, invited thither by Count Sandorf, had come to make good use of discoveries that would have remained barren without his advice, and the wealth of which he was the master. And so Antekirtta would soon become the most important place in the Syrtic Sea, and with the accomplishment of its defensive system its security would become absolute.

Of Madame Bathory, Maria and Luigi Ferrato, and of Pierre and Sava, we need say no more; who does not feel that their lives were happy? Nor need we say more about Point Pescade and Matifou, who were now, perhaps, the most famous colonists of Antekirtta.

If they regretted anything it was that they had no more occasion to display their devotion to him to whom they owed their happy existence.

Count Sandorf had accomplished his task, and had it not been for the remembrance of his two companions, Stephen Bathory and Ladislas Zathmar, he would have been as happy as a generous man can be on this earth when he is doing good around him.

In the whole Mediterranean, in all the other seas of the globe, even in the Fortunate Islands—we may seek in vain for an island whose prosperity rivals that of Antekirtta.

And when Cape Matifou, in the exuberance of his good fortune, thought fit to say:

"Do you think we deserve to be so happy?"

Point Pescade replied: "No, my Cape! I don't! But what can you do? Shall we resign?"

[THE END.]

May Be Reformed.

A prominent lawyer, who had become so much addicted to the use of intoxicating beverages that at times the habit overcame him, one day entered the court-room in which his friend and former law partner was the presiding judge. The counselor, who had been drinking freely, but did not at first show it, took a seat at the table in front of the bench. A case in which he was interested was called, and he took part with much gravity and decorum in the examination of the witnesses. A question propounded by his opponent was objected to by him, and the judge, after listening to a brief discussion, decided against his friend. This seemed to excite the alcohol within him to an unwonted degree. Springing to his feet he exclaimed: "Such a decision as that is so preposterous that I will forever hide myself behind the shadow of Blackstone and will retire from the profession!" He seized his hat, planted it on the back of his head, and rushed from the court-room. His friends and one of the clerks hurried after him. "We took him out and pickled him up," said the clerk in relating the story, and he came back after recess and made a full apology to the court, after which the case was proceeded with and resulted in a verdict in his favor. In speaking of the occurrence afterward he said: "It was not I that was speaking, but the liquor that was in me." He made up his mind to give up drinking altogether, and is now one of our best known and most successful practitioners.—New York Tribune.

A Horrible Blunder.

Mr. Rosenheimer—My boy Isaac, he made a dreadful mistake last week.

Mr. Eisenstein—Vot vas it?

Mr. R.—I got ten thousand insurance on de stock, you know, and I fixed de shavins' and gerosine apoud der place, leavin' it for Isaac to light, vile I vent to New York to collect de insurance. Hast du gesehen? Vell, dot boy, he got run ofer by der railroad, and vas dis-abled, und ven I come to collect I found der house vasn't burnt alretty. Veepering Raehael, vot a mistake!

Mr. E.—Howling Repecca, I should smile myselluf.—Chicago Rambler.

There are some original characters in the mountains near Deer Park, where the president spent his honeymoon, and ex-Senator Davis, of West Virginia relates this incident: "I once heard a really eloquent sermon at a church ten miles north of the park. But you can imagine my surprise when, in the midst of a burst of rhetoric, the reverend orator clasped his hands in ecstasy above his head, and, lifting his eyes heavenward like a saint, exclaimed: 'My friends, all the world shouted for joy when the good news of Christ's birth flashed over the wires.'"

It was very appropriate for Cooper Graham to go through the whirlpool by cork-aid.—Boston Transcript.

THE HERALD.

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THURSDAY, OCT. 7, 1886

If you want any other paper with the HERALD, let us know.

SPECIAL OFFER!

As a premium for new subscribers and for prompt renewals, we offer **The New Family Atlas of the World**, containing colored maps of each state and territory, each province of Canada and nationality of Europe, together with full descriptive matter relative to topography, history, climate, population, etc.; graphically illustrated by colored diagrams, representing area, assessed value, railroad mileage, cereal products, gold, silver and currency in the hands of the people, bonds held by banks, etc.

The price of this Atlas is \$2.00; and \$2.00, cash in hand, will pay for both HERALD and Atlas.

G. J. Nissly, of Saline, seems to be leading the world in the poultry business. He captured twenty premiums on twenty-three exhibits of poultry at the Ypsilanti fair, and his incubator was the greatest attraction on the grounds.

When another paper abridges, encourages, enlarges or materially alters one of our items, we find no fault; but when it copies it verbatim, as the Grass Lake News did our warning against "the wholesale grocer," we think courtesy requires that credit should be given. That is our rule.

Rev. Thomas Holmes, of the Chelsea Herald, is a doctor of divinity, but he wrote up the races at last week's fair with the grace of a man who had been in the business from his youth up.—Ev-Journal. We take the above as a compliment, notwithstanding the squint it seems to have at inconsistency. We presume no one would accuse us of encouraging or approving murder, however vivid a description we might give of such an event.

THE notice we printed last week of a library meeting on Saturday p. m. availed nothing on account of the Herald being delayed so as to give as full a report as possible of the fair. Hence, we repeat the notice this week and appeal once more to the people to rally and sustain and build up our library organization, placing it upon a permanent basis. Few, even of the constant patrons of the library seem to be aware of its present danger. Hitherto a few persons have interested themselves in keeping the machinery of the library going, while others have been content to read the books and have supposed they had nothing more to do. Last year, at the time of holding the annual meeting, no officers were chosen, and since that time, Mrs. Gates, to whom the organization seems to owe nearly if not quite, all the life it possesses, has attended faithfully to the exchange of books on Saturdays, but has not felt authorized to assume all the duties of the other officers, while they have refused to act because the term of their office had expired. On this account no annual meeting was called this year at the proper time, and the whole thing seems to be lapsing into ruin by default. Under these circumstances something ought to be done and done immediately. In a few weeks Mrs. Gates expects to go east to spend the winter at her old home in N. Y., and the labor that has been so faithfully and well performed by her for several years must be undertaken by others. We urge, therefore, that all who feel interested in keeping up and building up a permanent library here attend the meeting at the parlor of the Chelsea Savings Bank next Saturday at 4

o'clock p. m., for the purpose of reorganizing the association, electing officers and giving new life to this important enterprise. The library contains over 700 volumes and should be cared for.

TRANSFERS.

James L. Mitchel to Adam Bohnet Lima \$7,000
Adam Bohnet to James Mitchell, Chelsea \$2,000
Adam Bohnet to James Mitchell, Chelsea, \$2,500.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2, 1886.

Washington is a city of conventions. So conveniently and centrally located is it, so delightful a place to sojourn, and of such an even temperature at all seasons of the year, that it is rapidly taking the lead of all other cities in this respect. Hardly a week passes throughout the entire year, that the Capital is not favored with some sort of a convention—scientific, military, religious, temperance, woman's rights, Masonic, or Knights of Pythias. Every year the number increases. It is becoming customary for all societies throughout the country, important or otherwise, to make Washington their rendezvous.

The question of having a grand National drill here next spring has been discussed for some time. It is proposed to have the military display in one of the open parks near the Washington Monument, and a number of prizes will be offered. It is believed that the drill will attract to large a body of soldiers for convenience in military evolutions, and so a careful selection will be made, in order to include only the cream of the National guardsmen of the country. None but well reorganized and regularly organized companies will be allowed to compete.

This has been an interesting week in Washington. There have been two convention, a religious and a scientific; a regatta; and a grand assembly of Royal Arch Masons. The latter presented a very imposing appearance as they paraded the streets in their bright uniforms, and were reviewed by the President. They also attended, en masse, one of Mr. Cleveland's public receptions. One enthusiastic young man exclaimed: "I am so glad to be able to shake hands with you. You are the first President I ever helped to elect." "Well, you are young yet," responded Mr. Cleveland, "You will have plenty more chances."

But what has deservedly attracted the most attention during the week, not only on account of its novelty, but because of the really remarkable character of the exhibits, has been the fair given by the colored people of the District, to show the progress made by their race in the last twenty years. Everything admitted to the exhibition is the work of negroes, and there is much that shows not only intelligent mastery of the principals of the trade involved, but also refined skill and taste in execution. Some of the work exhibited by the ladies would bear comparison with the best results attained in the decorative art school. The men are also well represented in the exhibits, their work displaying real inventive genius and mechanical skill.

A number of changes have been made in the Departments of late. The recently appointed Public Printer, Mr. Benedict, found on examining the condition of his office, that the sum of money appropriated by Congress to pay expenses was much less than the necessary amount. He decided to make extensive reductions in the clerical force, and 375 employees have been dismissed. The work of the government Printing office will be facilitated by this change, as

it is an open secret that in many cases three men were employed to do what would hardly be considered a good day's work for one, and there was absolutely no space for effective labor in the over crowded rooms.

A large part of the President's time since his return has been devoted to inquiring about Federal officeholders who have violated the order that he issued just before he left, to the effect that they should not engage in political conventions. He spoke in very decided terms on the subject and has ordered a thorough investigation to be made of each case where an officer is charged with having taken any part in recent conventions. He said the order was not given for mere effect, and he intended to have it respected; and when it was fully proven that it had been violated, the guilty persons would be summarily dismissed from the service. Mr. Cleveland has also requested the heads of the various departments to furnish him a list of the names of the persons who were charged with having disobeyed the order. He believes that a majority of the supposed malefactors are in the postoffice and internal revenue service. The most palpable violation of the order, however, has been on the part of the Federal office holders in New Orleans, to bring about the renomination of Congressman King. When speaking on the subject, Mr. Cleveland is said to have expressed himself with great indignation.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

LIMA.

Jay Wood and wife from Grass Lake spent part of last week here.

Lima received a fair share of the premiums at the Chelsea fair.

Mrs. I. Storms and Mrs. Wm. Cvoert have been spending a few days at Tipton.

There will be an old fashioned New England supper at the Town Hall Friday evening, Oct. 15.

Russell Wheelock has returned home from Dakota.

Alban Stephens, from Marshall, has been visiting relatives here.

H. Page has gone to Jackson for a few days.

The young man working for Dan McLaren fell out of an apple tree and broke one of his limbs.

[Continued from first page.]

Class 11.—BEST HERD OF FOUR CATTLE.

T Sutherland, Pittsfield, 1 bull and 3 females, 5 00

DIVISION B.—HORSES.

Class 1.—SPEED.

FIRST.
Henry Giltner, Grass Lake, trotting stallion having made a season, 5 00
Frank Nicolai, Norvell, p'r mares or geldings own'd and driv'n together 5 00
D L Ball, Grass Lake, single mare or gelding, 3 00

SECOND.
G W VanEtten, Stockbridge, pair mares or geldings owned and driven together, 2 50
C W VanEtten, Stockbridge, single mare or gelding, 2 00

Class 2.—GENTLEMAN'S ROAD HORSES.

FIRST.
Geo Goodwin, Chelsea, best p'r mares or geldings over 3 years, 3 50
Hugh Sherry, Chelsea, single mare or gelding, 3 years or over, 3 00

SECOND.
F R Snyder, Stockbridge, best pair mares or geldings over three y's, 2 50
D C McLaren, Chelsea, single mare or gelding, 3 years or over, 2 00

Class 3.—HORSES FOR ALL WORK.

FIRST.
J Parker, Dexter, stallion, 5 years or over, 4 00
A Kalmbach Jr, Chelsea, stallion, 3 y's 2 50
Thos Brooks, " " 1 y'r, 1 00
C C Dorr, Grass Lake, suckling, 1 00
Wm Bury, Chelsea, gelding, 5 y's and over, 3 00
Wm Bury, Chelsea, gelding, 4 y's, 2 50
C C Dorr, Grass Lake, " 3 y's, 1 50
P Hindelang, Chelsea, " 2 y's, 1 00
L " " 1 y'r, 1 00
J Jedele, Dexter, p'r matched mares or gelding, 5 y's or over, 4 00

J Clancy, Chelsea, p'r matched mares or geldings, 4 y's, 3 00
J Hall, Dexter, mare, 4 y's and over, 2 50
C C Dorr, Grass Lake, mare, any age, with foal at side, 3 00
F E Richards, Francisco, mare 3 y's, 2 00
P C Dewey, Chelsea, mare, 2 y's, 1 50
M Mohrlock, " " 1 y'r, 1 00
C C Dorr, Grass Lake, suckling, 1 00

SECOND.
G S May, Unadilla, stallion, 5 y's or over, 2 50
J J Pratt, Dexter, gelding, 5 y's or over, 1 00
W E Stevenson, Chelsea, gelding 4 y's, 1 50
H D Hewes, Grass Lake, " 3 y's, 1 00
John Clark, Chelsea, " 2 y's, 50
C C Dorr, Grass Lake, " 1 y'r, 50

J Sloat, Manchester, pair matched mares or geldings, 5 y's or over, 2 50
J Hall, Dexter, mare, 4 y's and over, 1 50
C C Dorr, Grass Lake, mare, any age, with foal at side, 1 50
Lester Canfield, Chelsea, mare, 2 y's, 50
C M Davis, " " 1 y'r, 50
W Westfall " suckling, 50

Classes 4 and 5.—DRAFT HORSES.

FIRST.
Wait & Fellows, Manchester, stallion, 5 y's and over, 4 00
Wm Wallace, Ann Arbor, stallion, 4 y's, 3 00
A Prudden, Chelsea, stallion, 3 y's, 2 50
S Winslow, " " 2 y's, 2 00
G Wagner, " " 1 y'r, 1 00
T Sutherland, Pittsfield Junction, gelding, 5 y's and over, 3 00
B C Dorr, Grass Lake, gelding, 4 y's, 2 50
E A Cronan, " " 3 y's, 1 50
A Kalmbach sr, Chelsea, " 2 y's, 1 00
T W Baldwin, " mare, any age, with foal at side, 3 00
G Wagner, Chelsea, mare, 4 y's and over, 2 50
A Kalmbach sr, Chelsea, mare, 3 y's, 2 00
W E Stevenson, " " 2 y's, 1 50
T W Baldwin, " suckling, 1 00

SECOND.
A Kalmbach sr, Chelsea, stallion, 5 y's and over, 2 50
T Sutherland, Pittsfield Junction, gelding, 5 y's and over, 1 50
C C Dorr, Grass Lake, gelding, 4 y's, 1 50
E J Beach, Dexter, " 3 y's, 50
E A Cronan, Grass Lake, mare, 4 y's and over, 1 50
S L Gage, Chelsea, mare, 2 y's, 50

Class 6.—CARRIAGE HORSES.

FIRST.
J Cushman, Flat Rock, stallion, 5 y's or over, 3 50
B Westfall, Stockbridge, stallion 4 y's, 3 00
H Ayers, Dexter, mare any age with foal at side, 3 00
J V N Gregory, Dexter, pair matched mares or geldings, 5 y's or over, 3 50
Tommy McNamara, Chelsea, single mare or gelding, 5 y's or over, 3 00
J R Gates, Chelsea, single mare or gelding, 4 y's, 2 50
W Kempf, Chelsea, single mare or gelding, 3 y's, 1 50

SECOND.
S Winslow, Chelsea, pair matched mares or geldings, 5 y's or over, 2 50
H F Gilbert, Chelsea, single mare or gelding, 5 y's or over, 1 50
H Ayers, Dexter, single mare or gelding 3 y's, 1 00

Class 7.

A Kalmbach jr, Chelsea, best stallion with stable of five colts not over 3 y's, 5 00

Class 8.—HALF THOROUGHBREDS.

FIRST.
T Youngs, Chelsea, mare, 4 y's and over, 3 00
Fred Stapler, Chelsea, mare, 3 y's 2 50
R Whallan, Chelsea, mare, 2 y's, 1 50
L T Freeman, Manchester, mare, 1 y, 1 00
T Youngs, Chelsea, suckling, 1 00

SECOND.
W I Wood, Chelsea, mare, 3 y's, 1 00

Class 9.—MULES.

Wm Denman, Chelsea, 2 00

[Continued next week.]

OLIVE.

A large number of students from Oberlin college, Ohio, are expected at the University this year.

About fifty of the graduates of Ann Arbor High School enter the University this year.

The University expects about 25 law students from the Pacific coast this year—ten of them from Oregon.

More light and heat are wanted at our western Athens, and S. Sr Gargines recommends boxing for gas. He says, "Ann Arbor is within the natural gas and oil producing territory of Michigan."

The 20th Michigan infantry holds its annual reunion at Lansing, Oct. 13th.

Pomologists will meet at Ann Arbor, Oct. 9, to discuss fruit exhibits at the fairs.

Washtenaw took a number of prizes on live stock at the State fair.

Saline sends seven representatives to the University.

The board of corrections and charities want to know the number and residences of the class known as idiots or imbeciles in Michigan. Information should be sent to L. C. Storrs, Lansing.

Three quarters of a dozen boys in the vicinity of Francisco were arrested a few days since for raiding a watermelon patch and destroying the fruit. They got a free ride to Jackson, to answer to the charge Tuesday.

"Gentlemen of the jury," Leirman of Chelsea need not have told his auditors that he was a lawyer. His speech betrayed him.

A Chelsea hunter shot 14 squirrels in one day last week, and he was only a Shaver at that.

Hon. Jas. Gorman was nominated for Senator on the first formal ballot at Dundee yesterday, receiving the solid vote of the Washtenaw county delegation. Monroe county had a candidate in the person of its present Senator.—Argus.

Among the students already registered at the University, are two from England, one from Italy in the dental class, one from U. S. of Columbia in the dental, one from the Sandwich Islands and two Japanese.

The merchants of Chelsea prepared for the fair by clearing up the gutters and alleyways, rearranging their stores and hiring extra help.—Argus.

That is the way we succeed. Perhaps something of the kind might be a benefit to Ann Arbor.

Truly Ann Arbor is becoming progressive. They now talk of lighting the whole city by means of electricity and running a street railroad, by the same electric power. Go ahead, sister. It will be a good thing for the students to see successful practical life illustrations in all its out door phases as well as scientific principals illustrated in the laboratory and lecture rooms of the University.

If the HERALD lacks interest this week it is the fault of our exchanges. Last week we were too busy with the fair to look at our exchanges and filled the whole paper with Chelsea matters. This week we make it up by giving a double amount of "Clips"

Paying for a newspaper is very much like praying for a preacher. He who prays for his pastor, while he preaches, seldom finds fault with the sermon, unless it is a very poor one; and he who pays for his paper and reads it, is not wont to find fault with it unless it is wanting in good matter.

The badness of the bad shall never prejudice my mind against the goodness of the good, the purity of the pure, the honorable. There have been one or two defalcations on a great scale lately in Boston. I pray you consider how many, in places of trust, 10,000 and more in this city, there are who do not default even by a cent. Nay, I say, who have lived a good deal more than seventy years, that I have found 10,000 honest men to one dishonest." So said the Rev. A. C. Bartol, of Boston, in his pulpit and he uttered a truth that is well worth remembering. The average business man is honest, and there never was a time when there was so much honesty in the world as there is to-day; but there will be more tomorrow, for the march of man is onward and upward.

Mrs. Olive Cleveland Clark, a relative of President Cleveland, of Springfield, Mass., yesterday celebrated her 101st birthday. Mrs. Clark is a well preserved old lady, reads easily and has full control of her faculties. She expects to exceed her mother's age, which was 103.

We are sorry to note the removal of H. S. Holmes' clothing stock to Chelsea. This takes away one of our best business houses and leaves one of our best stores vacant.—Leader

Two plate glass windows have been recently broken and a burglary committed at Dexter, on which account the Leader calls for a night watch.

There were 30,000 Knights Templar at the St. Louis conclave, and Kirk H. J. Clark, of this office, was the youngest Sir Knight there. He is 22 years old.—Register.

Winans & Stafford expect 5,000 bushels of onions on their 12 acre lot in Pittsfield—somewhat less than last year, but still a large crop. They will bring 55@55 cents.—Register.

The damage done to the plate glass windows in Dexter seems to have been the work of an insane man by the name of Joseph Rabbit, living in Dexter township. He has been arrested and is held for trial at the next term of circuit court.

Roy Copeland, of Dexter, will attend medical lectures at the University the coming year.

It is rumored that the presses of the Argus office, Ann Arbor, are to be run by water power.

OUR COUNTRY.

Occasionally there comes upon the market a new book, that should be upon the center table of every family and be read by every person old and young. Such seems to be the nature of a small volume of 229 pages, that appeared about four months ago, and has already reached its 18th thousand, bearing the title "Our Country"

Respecting this book we find the following opinions by men whose opinions of books are worthy of confidence.

Grand Rapids, August 28th, 1886. "I have been so much pleased with 'Our Country' that I desire to place a copy in the hands of each of my clergy. If you can furnish me with 25 copies, please send them to me at once, with bill.—Geo. D. Gillespie, Bishop of Western Michigan.

The statistics are collated with decided skill, and the arguments are masterly. It is a valuable hand-book on the great practical problems now facing the church at every turn. The entire book, indeed, hews to the line. It bravely diagnoses the diseases of Society, Church, and State, and suggests treatment. The despotism and danger of excessive wealth, especially in monopoly, is forcibly depicted. At the same time the trouble with the working classes is fearlessly delineated. The closing chapter on "Money and the Kingdom" is a powerful argument for the cause of benevolence. This work is worthy of a wide circulation, and will be sure to accomplish good.—Herald and Presbyter.

"The book ought to be in the hands of every patriot in the land as a thesaurus of important material facts, and as an incentive to stand on higher grounds of civic and religious duty.—The Advance.

It ought to be circulated by the thousand. It opens your eyes and widens your horizon. Intelligent laymen ought to know all these carefully gleaned facts. Preachers ought to have them at their tongue's end. After reading 'Our Country' you are full of fourth of July and Thanksgiving day sermons. Get the book at once. It will act as a stiffening breeze during these parching midsummer days.—Lutheran Observer.

It is a remarkable production. It will exert a great influence upon the thinking people of this land. There is no other volume on the subject that can compare with it. It should be circulated by thousands in every state in the Union. Dr. Strong deserves the thanks of the people of the U. S. for producing a book of such wonderful compass of facts and sweep of intellectual and spiritual power.—Rev. I. W. Joyce, D. D., Trinity M. E. Church, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Would that every family of every church of Christ in California were supplied with a copy of this wonderful book.—Pacific.

EXTRACTS FROM OUR COUNTRY. Communities and commonwealths, like men, have their childhood, which is the formative period. It is the first permanent settlers who impress themselves and their character on the future. Powerful influences may, in later years, produce important modifications; but it is early influence which is farthest reaching, and generally decisive. It is easier to form than to reform; easier to mould molten iron than to file the cold cast." Chap. 11.

These tendencies infold the future; they are the mighty alphabet with which God writes his prophecies. May we not, by a careful laying together of the letters, spell out something of his meaning? It seems to me that God, with infinite wisdom and skill, is training the Anglo-Saxon race for an hour sure to come in the world's future. Heretofore there has always been in the history of the world a comparatively unoccupied land westward, into which the crowded countries of the East have poured their surplus populations. But the widening waves of migration, which millenniums ago rolled east and west from the valley of the Euphrates, meet to-day on our Pacific coast. There are no more new worlds to be discovered, and will soon be taken. The time is coming when the pressure of population on the means of subsistence will be felt here as it is now felt in Europe and Asia. Then will the world enter upon a new stage of its history—the final competition of races, for which the Anglo-Saxon is being selected.—Chapter 13.

A MISUNDERSTANDING.

Why Mrs. Sharpe and Mrs. Croesus Do Not Speak as They Pass By.

"I am going to have the celebrated Prof. von Dunkelheim at the reception to-night," said Mrs. Marlborough Croesus to Mrs. Sharpe; "he's a great acquisition—so very profound and learned, you know—but he won't talk. Nobody has succeeded in making him talk. If there's anybody at Newport that can draw him out, my dear, it's you, and I want you to try your skill on him."

"What's his specialty?" "Butter." (That was what Mrs. Sharpe understood Mrs. Marlborough Croesus to say.) "Butter? Why, that's a queer fad for a learned professor. But I'll do my best."

"That evening at the reception Mrs. Sharpe opened out bravely upon Prof. von Dunkelheim at the first opportunity.

"As we were driving out on the island this afternoon, professor," she said: "I saw some of the most beautiful herds of Jersey cows that I have ever seen in my life."

"Ah?" "And at one place the cows beyond the fence contemplated us with such gentle, tender eyes and such soulful moos that for a moment I forgot their practical value in their aesthetic attractions. But after all, I thought, it is not for their beauty that we should value them, but for the butter they produce."

"Um." Mrs. Sharpe rattled on about the cows for a conversational mile or two without drawing out any response from the professor. "It is because he thinks I don't know anything about the way butter is made that he won't talk," thought Mrs. Sharpe. "Well, I will convince him that I do know something about it." And she proceeded to discuss the creamery methods in vogue in Vermont, with an infinite deal of talk about coolers and temperature and mechanical butter workers, and so on. She hadn't crammed on the subject all the afternoon for nothing.

But not a word could she get out of the professor beyond "Um" and "Ah." He was plainly very much bored, and edged away after awhile. Mrs. Sharpe was in despair.

Presently Mrs. Marlborough Croesus got her into the corner, and said:

"Why, what in the world do you mean by talking forever to Prof. von Dunkelheim about cows, and creameries, and all that sort of thing?"

"Isn't that his specialty? Didn't you tell me so?"

"Why, never in the world!"

"What is it, then, for Heaven's sake?"

"Buddah, of course. He's written any number of books about Buddhism."

There is a marked coolness now between Mrs. Sharpe and Mrs. Marlborough Croesus. Mrs. Sharpe, says that a woman who pronounces "Buddah" like "butter" is hardly fit for cultivated society.—Boston Record.

ALL WAS GLOOM.

A Chapter From the History of a War of Extermination.

To quiet an insurrection among the flies inhabiting the house which we pay a high rent per month for, we one day this week purchased, a sheet of this sticky fly paper. The track on this kind of paper is supposed to be several seconds heavy for flies. The manufacturers even hint in type seven inches high that the walking on it is so exceedingly bad for flies that they will mire down and never get across. The prospect for a fly promenade on it is certainly very poor, something which they evidently noticed, as they boycotted it from the start. We tried running them down and sticking them onto the paper. This was slow and far from satisfactory.

We afterwards mounted the paper on the broom and slashed it around the room ten or fifteen times and found that the plan was very successful. The first sweep brought down a costly vase which a warm political friend, who is also in the grocery business, presented us with on the occasion of our purchasing a can of baking powder of him. Another wild sweep and an elegant plaque, painted by our wife and representing a pale blue tree on a yellow background, was in ruins. Our experience was that it is not difficult to exterminate the fly in this way. Mounted on a chair in the center of the parlor or drawing-room, and swinging the death-dealing paper about, we soon made it very uncomfortable for him amid the wreck of costly paintings, the fall of the heavy lambrquin and the general smash-up of the marble statue, the high-priced hangings, the imported chandelier, the jointed stove-pipe, the plastering and the decorated profanity. Life to the ill-starred fly on that occasion was but a hollow, howling mockery. No gleam of hope shone athwart the murky depths of the black night of despair which shut down around those flies. Everything pointed to a horrible death without a ray of hope. The accumulated wealth of years crashed around him and there was no current in which to hide. All was darkness, all was gloom, all was despair.—Estelle (D. T.) Bell.

—One-Me-Du-He-Na, a Mojave Indian medicine man, was clubbed to death, beheaded and cremated recently for allowing too many of his patients to die.

STAGINO DAYS.

A Veteran Driver's Interesting Chat About the Days Preceding Railroads.

The men who drove stages in Canada before the days of railways are becoming fewer as the time passes away. There are several who live in or near Toronto, and about the most experienced of them is a man who began driving in 1831 and is now sixty-six years of age. He was born in South Carolina March 22, 1820, and was brought to Upper Canada by his parents when he was ten years of age. He is best known in this city by the somewhat suggestive name of Whisky Bill. It was not on account of his fondness for liquor that he received this title, for sober men were always selected as stage-drivers, but through a little incident which occurred at Post's Hotel, on the Kingston road, twenty-five miles from Toronto, early in his driving career. At this then famous hostelry some waggish fellows agreed one night to "put up a job" on Bill. Whisky was cheap, and so they all chipped in and bought forty-two gallons at eighteen cents per gallon. They fastened the barrel containing the liquor overhead in the bar-room, and when Bill came in on his next trip they tilted the cask and drenched him with its contents. Ever since then he has been known far and near as "Whisky Bill."

Bill recently recounted some interesting reminiscences of the old staging days. "Staging was done in the winter," said Bill, "in common lumber wagons with wooden springs, which went inside the box and canvas covers. In summer 'thorough-brace coaches,' as they were called, were used. They had leather springs, and were covered as hacks are now. They were built to carry twelve inside passengers and two outside comfortably. I tell you a man could ride like a leech on one of them. We could make seventeen miles in two and one-half hours quite easily. Each driver used to have a run of seventeen miles, and he always remained with his horses whenever they stopped. In the spring it was very hard to get along. I have seen Yonge street so heavy that four horses could not drag a coach to Bloor street under two hours. They would constantly be in danger of getting mired. I drove on Yonge street to Richmond Hill for two years, and then went on the route from Haysville to Stratford and from Preston to Haysville. I also drove between Galt and Guelph. After I left the West I used to run on different sections of the road between Toronto and Bowmanville, and I continued there for eighteen years. I have been sixteen hours going from the Rogue to Oshawa, a distance of fifteen miles. The Rogue is the name of a creek where we used to stop. Very often when the roads were bad passengers have had to get out and walk most of the way with rails over their shoulders to pry the coach out of the mud. In winter the snow-banks were a terror. I remember once in 1851 we lost a mail-bag on the Roseburg hills, between old Bill Marsh's and Newtonville, and it was never found until spring, when the snow had thawed away.

"We used to get \$12 a month and board. In those days things were cheap. You could get eight drinks for a York shilling, and a quarter always treated the whole bar. Whisky was only worth 20 to 25 cents a gallon, and some as low as 18 cents. That was the stuff that a man could get drunk on and not have a head on him in the morning. No one scarcely had the D. T.'s in those days, and there was no such thing as finding your stomach loaded with drugs in the morning. Meals commonly were 25 cents, and very tony hotels charged as high as 50 cents. Beds were a York shilling wherever meals were 25 cents.

"In staging days accidents sometimes happened, and I have often known people to get their arms and legs broken. Passengers often got damages, too, for injuries sustained. One time a driver upset a coach between Newcastle and Newtonville, and a man had an arm broken and three ribs as well. He got \$2,000 damages. I have known three or four drivers to get frozen to death on the box. I remember once meeting a driver near the English church at the Highland creek. I was going east and he was coming toward Toronto. He only had two miles to go before he reached Gates. I said: 'This is a tough 'un, for it was a terribly cold day. He answered me and said: 'You'd better believe it.' Well, when the coach got to Gates he did not come down, and they went to pull him out of the box in fun, and asked him to come and have a drink. They found then that he was frozen stiff, with his eyes open and the reins in his hand. The secret of driving is to keep moving. The hands and feet should never be still for a moment. I came near freezing to death myself on the Goderich road, between Doon Mills and Aberdeen. I'd a good deal sooner have the old times than the new. Who wouldn't, with flour at \$2 a barrel, pork \$3 a hundred, as fast as you had a mind to buy it; potatoes 12 cents a bushel; butter 5 cents a pound; firewood, \$1 50 a cord, and a decent house to live in, with three or four rooms, for \$2 a month. Tea was \$1 a pound, and sugar was dear, but almost everything else was cheap. I tell you there was nothing like stage-driving for lots of fun."—Toronto Globe.

—It is wrong to speak of a "respectable" embezzler as a "good man gone wrong." He is a bad man found out.—Pittsburgh Courier.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,

COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss.

The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of George Boyd, late of said County deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the late residence of said deceased, in the township of Lima, in said County, on the seventh day of December and on the seventh day of March next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims. Dated, Sept. 7, 1886.

HIRAM PRICK, CHARLES H. KEMPF, Commissioners.

Saved His Life.

Mr. D. E. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave, Ky., says he was, for many years, badly afflicted with Phthisis, also Diabetes; the pains were almost unendurable and would sometimes almost throw him into convulsions. He tried Electric Bitters and got relief from first bottle and after taking six bottles was entirely cured, and had gained in flesh eighteen pounds. Says he positively believes he would have died, had it not been for the relief afforded by Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by R. S. Armstrong.

A Million Dollars.

Millions of dollars would be saved annually by the invalids of every community if, instead of calling a physician for every ailment, they were wise enough to put their trust in Golden Seal Bitters. A certain cure for all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood and liver, such as Scrofula in its various forms, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Female irregularities, diseases of the Kidneys and bladder, Exposure and imprudence of life. No person can take these Bitters according to instructions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair. Golden Seal Bitters numbers on its list of cures more than any other medicine known, and have already acquired a celebrity, being used generally as a family medicine. Sold by R. S. Armstrong.

Only 25 Cents.

Buy a perfect remedy for sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness, and Loss of sleep. Try it. It effectually relieves external and internal pain. Sold by R. S. Armstrong.

Don't Experiment.

You cannot afford to waste time in experimenting when your lungs are in danger. Consumption always seems at first, only a cold. Do not permit any dealer to impose upon you with some cheap imitation of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, but be sure you get the genuine. Because he can make more profit he may tell you he has something just as good, or just the same. Don't be deceived, but insist on getting Dr. King's New Discovery, which is guaranteed to give relief in all Throat, Lung and Chest affections. Trial bottles free at R. S. Armstrong's Drug Store.

Take Kemp's Liver

Pills for biliousness, headache, sallow complexion. Price 25 cents. 22 April 1 year. R. S. ARMSTRONG.

Don't trifle with any Throat or Lung Disease.

If you have a Cough or Cold, or the children are threatened with Croup or Whooping Cough, use Acker's English Remedy and prevent further trouble. It is a positive cure, and we guarantee it. Price 10 and 50c. R. S. Armstrong, Druggist.

Envelopes, letter heads, blank statements, bill heads, wedding cards, programmes, auction bills, posters, hand bills all kinds of jobs done with neatness and dispatch.

For I Don't Care.

Dull, tired feeling, impoverished blood, dull pains in back and head, untasting, skin eruptions, Kemp's Sarsaparilla never fails to give relief. We always guarantee it. Price \$1.00 per bottle. 22 April 1 year. R. S. ARMSTRONG.

Money Refunded.

The true remedy has at last been discovered. It was long known in his practice as Dr. Pete's Lung Food for Consumption. It is now called Dr. Pete's 35 cent Cough Cure. It is the safest, the surest and the best. No other Cough, Cold, and Consumption remedy is half its equal. We warrant it and will promptly refund the money paid for it if a beneficial effect is not experienced by the time two-thirds of the contents of the bottle is used. Sold by R. S. Armstrong.

Pain in the Side

Is a symptom of disease. It may be caused by Rheumatism, or by Neuralgia, but it usually indicates a disordered condition of the Stomach, Liver, or Kidneys. Ayer's Sarsaparilla corrects the action of the vital organs, and removes every trace of disease from the system.

Last fall and winter I suffered from a dull, heavy, pain in my side. I did not notice it much, at first, but it gradually grew worse until it became almost unbearable. During the latter part of this time, disorders of the Stomach and Liver increased my troubles. I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and, after faithfully continuing the use of this medicine for some months, the pain disappeared and I was completely cured.—Mrs. Augusta A. Forbush, Haverhill, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1; six bottles, \$5.

Home Markets.

| | |
|--------------------|-------------|
| APPLES, Wbu..... | 50 @ 75 |
| BEANS..... | 75 @ 1 00 |
| BARLEY..... | 1 00 @ 1 25 |
| BUTTER..... | 12 @ 14 |
| CORN..... | @ 25 |
| DRYED APPLES..... | @ 3 |
| EGGS..... | @ 15 |
| HIDES..... | 5 1/2 @ 6 |
| HOGS, dressed..... | @ 4 50 |
| LARD..... | @ 8 |
| OATS..... | 25 @ 32 |
| POTATOES..... | @ 50 |
| SALT..... | @ 1 00 |
| WHEAT..... | 70 @ 70 |

The reason why Acker's Blood Elixir

is warranted, is because it is the best Blood Preparation known. It will positively cure all Blood Diseases, purifies the whole system, and thoroughly builds up the constitution. Remember, we guarantee it. R. S. Armstrong, Druggist.

To all Members

Of Society: Kemp's Balsam will cure your distressing cough. We guarantee it. Price 50 cents and \$1.00. Trial size free. 22 April 1 year. R. S. ARMSTRONG.

Thousands of cases of Consumption

are cured every year by Acker's celebrated English Remedy. It is a guaranteed preparation; if it does not help you it will cost you nothing. Try it. A single dose will show its good effect. Trial bottles 10 cts. R. S. Armstrong, Druggist.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL



The Niagara Falls Route.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Mail Train..... 8:48 A. M.

Grand Rapids Express..... 6:05 P. M.

Evening Express..... 10:09 P. M.

GOING EAST.

Night Express..... 6:08 A. M.

Grand Rapids Express..... 9:53 A. M.

Mail Train..... 3:50 P. M.

Wm. MARTIN, Agent.

O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

Tickets may be obtained at this station to any part of U. S. or Canada by giving twenty-four hours notice to the ticket agent, Jas. Speer.

Detroit, Mackinac & Marquette R. R.

"The Mackinaw Short Line."

Only direct route between the East and South and the Upper Peninsula of Mich.

WEST. TIME TABLE. EAST.

Read down. Read up.

A. M. P. M. L'Ve [Arr.] A. M. P. M.

9:00 6:05..... Detroit..... 10 45 9 00

P. M. A. M. L'Ve [Arr.] P. M. A. M.

10 30 6 50..... St. Ignace 1..... 8 30 6 00

11 18 7 16..... Moran..... 8 01 5 12

11 41 7 35..... Palms..... 7 41 4 44

11 52 7 43..... Ozark..... 7 34 4 33

1 37 8 52..... Newberry..... 6 21 2 48

1 45 8 59..... Dollarville..... 6 14 2 40

2 15 9 14..... McMillan..... 6 00 2 15

2 56 9 40..... Seney..... 5 15 1 39

3 33 10 06..... Walsh..... 4 49 1 02

4 20 10 42..... Reedsboro..... 4 15 12 13

4 44 11 00..... Munising..... 3 58 11 30

5 28 11 31..... Au Train..... 3 25 11 06

5 40 11 38..... Rock River..... 3 17 10 54

5 54 11 50..... Onota..... 3 06 10 39

6 10 12 05..... Sand River..... 2 50 10 19

7 00 12 40..... Marquette 2..... 2 15 9 30

[A. M. P. M. L'Ve] [Arr.] [P. M. A. M.]

8 00 12 50..... Marquette..... 2 00 6 10

8 35 1 40..... Negaunee..... 1 25 5 32

8 50 1 55..... Ishpeming..... 12 58 5 20

10 00 2 05..... Republic..... 11 50 4 10

10 00 2 10..... Michiganme..... 11 50 4 10

..... 4 10..... L'Anse..... 10 40.....

..... 5 30..... Houghton..... 9 20.....

..... 5 50..... Hancock..... 9 01.....

..... 6 35..... Calumet..... 8 15.....

A. M. P. M. [Arr.] [L'Ve] A. M. P. M.

Mixed train leaves St. Ignace at 7:00 a. m., arrives Marquette 5:30 p. m.; leaves Marquette 7:00 a. m., arrives St. Ignace 5:55 p. m.

CONNECTIONS—(1) Via M. T. Co.'s boats, with Michigan Central and Grand Rapids & Indiana railroads, and with the elegant sidewheel steamers of the Detroit & Cleveland Steam Navigation company for Detroit, Cleveland and all points in the east, southeast and south. The boats of this line leave St. Ignace Monday and Wednesday mornings, Thursdays and Saturday nights. (2) With M. H. & O. railroad for Houghton, Hancock, Calumet, etc., and points on Chicago & Northwestern railway.

Standard—Central time. * Daily.

† Daily, except Sunday. ‡ Daily, except Saturday.

A. WATSON, E. W. ALLEN, Gen'l Supt. Gen'l Pass. & Tkt agt.

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chubblins, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by R. S. Armstrong.

THIS PAPER

is on file in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs. W. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents.

Chelsea Herald.

REV. THOMAS HOLMES, Pub.

CHELSEA, MICH

Our consular service is of some use, even if it does come high. The officer who represents this government at Chemnitz, Germany, has discovered how the Germans drink so much beer without getting drunk, and after days and nights of indefatigable labor (for which he is paid by Uncle Sam) gravely announces that the secret lies in their drinking slowly. That's all right for the phlegmatic Teutons who have more time than money, and who want to make a glass of beer go as far as it will; but slow-drinking will not suit the average American, to say nothing of the countless throng whose income does not render necessary a curtailment of the quantity to be drunk, notwithstanding this expensive bit of information from our consul. American beer-drinkers will continue to gulp down the beverage at the old rate of speed. As an off-set to our consuls' theory it is a noticeable fact that in America the average Teuton will drink his favorite beverage as rapidly as the Anglo-Saxon or Celt.

Leonard Hamen, aged 74, who died at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Pascoe, 138 Maybury ave., Detroit, recently, participated in some memorable events during his life. He was an engineer and ran the first engine put upon the New York Central road. He was also engineer of the train which conveyed Abraham Lincoln to Washington at his first inauguration and which was mobbed in Baltimore by southern sympathizers. He was also engineer of the train which conveyed Lincoln's dead body from Washington to Springfield after the assassination. On one occasion his engine exploded, and the collisions and other mishaps in which he narrowly escaped death were numerous. He resided at Rochester, N. Y., but at the time of his death, was visiting his two daughters, Mrs. Pascoe and Mrs. Coward of Detroit.

The facts given in the report of the commissioner of pensions for the last fiscal year would seem to be sufficient to silence all complaint that the government has not been liberal toward the soldiers of the rebellion. It has shown that still, more than twenty years after the close of the war, the pension roll is increasing and the amount paid in pensions is greater year by year. The number of pensions added to the roll last year was over 18,000, while the average yearly value of pensions was increased \$11.53, and the aggregate annual value of all the pensions was increased nearly \$6,000,000. The whole amount paid for pensions during the year was over \$63,000,000, and a larger sum will be required for the coming year.

The various means and schemes resorted to by the good women engaged in church work for the purpose of raising funds with which to carry on their laudable enterprises, are at once a wonder to on-lookers and a compliment to the shrewdness and ingenuity of the women. But of all schemes, Bradford, Pa., furnishes the most novel. The good women of the congregations in that city engaged in a game of baseball, and the gate proceeds were turned over to the fund in which they were interested. Not only did the worthy dames realize handsomely from a financial standpoint, but 'tis said they showed themselves something more than amateurs in the national game.

Two or three years ago Phil. Armour, saw a negro porter in a palace car industriously trying to spell out words in a well-thumbed reader whenever he had a moment's leisure. He became interested in the boy, and offered him \$25 if he would read six lines before the train reached its destination. The porter by hard work earned the money, and now he is a student in Oberlin college, sent there by the generous Chicago packer. He is very black and very ambitious.

Mrs. Gamewell, the lady missionary whose home was destroyed by a Chinese mob in Chungking China, some months ago, arrived at the home of her mother, Mrs. Dr. Porter, in Davenport, Iowa, recently, having come from China by way of San Francisco. She corroborates the published accounts of mob violence in China, but avows her purpose to return to her missionary work there when matters become settled and protection is assured.

SLAIN SETTLERS.

INDIAN UPRISING IN THE NORTHWEST TERRITORY.

Women and Children Victims to the Murderous Bloods.

Dispatches from Winnipeg say that the other morning the Blood Indians, after a war dance, went upon the war path. The first settlement reached was Hudson, N. W. T., where six men and ten women and children were killed and scalped. The Indians continued their march toward the Gros Ventres settlement—their objective point, as the Gros Ventres had killed six Blood Indians, for which vengeance was sworn—and the line of their march was marked by the ruins of settlers' homes, the settlers themselves being killed in every case. It is estimated that not less than 100 whites have fallen victims, among whom were two Catholic missionaries, whose bodies were frightfully mutilated. At Crowfoot agency every white man, including the agent, was killed.

Near the American border the Bloods came upon a small body of Gros Ventres, and a bloody fight ensued, in which the latter lost 50 bucks and the Bloods 9 killed and 30 wounded. The rebels captured at least 150 ponies, and the department estimates the loss of property to settlers at \$25,000. Two detachments of mounted police have been sent to put down the uprising, but they will be inadequate.

The Canadian militia have called out 2,000 infantry and cavalry to go to the assistance of the mounted police, who are striving to quell the Indian outbreak.

A PENSION REPORT.

Operations of that Bureau the Past Year.

Commissioner of Pensions Black has filed with the secretary of the interior his report of the operations of the pension bureau for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1886. From the report it appears that on June 30 last there were 365,783 pensioners on the rolls, composed of 265,854 army invalids, 80,163 army widows, minor children and dependent relatives; 2,953 navy invalids, 1877 widows, minor children, etc.; 1,539 survivors of the war of 1812, showing a loss during the year of 1,406 of this class. There were 13,397 widows of soldiers of the war of 1812, showing a loss during the year in this class of 3,815. Twenty-four original claims were filed in this class during the year; the names of 304 additional widows appeared on the rolls; 40,857 new pensioners were added to the roll during the year; 2,229 were restored to the rolls; 22,059 pensioners' names were dropped from the roll on account of death, re-marriage, frauds, etc., leaving a net increase in the roll of 20,685 names. The annual average value of each pension was \$122.23; a gain of \$11.88 over the average value of the preceding year. The aggregate annual value \$44,708,627.44, being an increase in annual value of \$4,017,041.51. The amount paid for pensions during the year was \$63,797,831.91; the difference in the amount paid and the annual value representing the accrued and arrearage pensions paid during the year. Since 1861, 591,102 invalid claims have been filed, 343,799 claims of widows and dependents, and 73,834 for pension on account of service. During the same period there have been allowed of the first class 335,141 claims and of the second class 220,435; and of all other classes, 60,178; making a total of claims allowed since 1861, 631,754. It will thus be seen that nearly one-half of all the pensioners whose names have been placed upon the rolls have died or their pensions have ceased by reason of arrival at age, re-marriage, etc. One hundred and sixty-one thousand, four hundred and sixteen certificates of all kinds, including 79,989 increase certificates issued to widows and dependents under act of March 19, 1855, were issued during the past year, which, the report says, shows a vast increase in the work of the office. This is especially true of the special examination division which, the commissioner says, has saved the government over \$5,000,000. An attached table shows that there are in the United States in the poor houses about 9,000 soldiers, of whom 13 per cent. are pensioners; 86 per cent. non-pensioners; the oldest soldier receiving public support is 103 years of age; the mean age is 57 years; 48 per cent of all the soldiers receiving support were native born, 51 per cent foreign born, 45 per cent were married men, 54 per cent unmarried men, 19 per cent blind or insane. The act increasing the pensions of widows and dependents from \$8 to \$12 was approved on the 19th day of March, 1886; on the 4th of June total payments had been made to this class without expense to the beneficiaries. Some 6,000 of the cases of increase under the amputation act of Aug. 4, 1866, have had certificates issued, and the remainder are being disposed of with great rapidity.

From Jan. 1, 1861, until Dec. 31, 1885, 1,967 private pension acts have been approved. Since that date 644 such acts have been approved and certificates issued in nearly every case. The commissioner renews his suggestion as to legislation contained in his report of the previous year. Concerning the Mexican war pensions, he says that the subject of pensions to soldiers of that war is before congress and the people, and that he need not add a word in the way of argument. During the year more than 2,000,000 letters and packages were received in the office, and it is believed that nearly all of that number have been properly replied to. The amount of expenditures for stationery, printing and binding has been diminished by \$13,663 for the past year.

Of the appropriations provided for the expenses of the office, \$305,963 has been covered into the treasury. The clerical force during the year was diminished by 100. A statement of the chief clerk is added to the report of the commissioner which shows that during the year of 1884-85, 54,813 days annual and sick leaves were taken by the employees of the bureau, while for the year 1885-86, 38,663 days only were taken, showing a net saving of the time of one man for forty-two years, eleven months and four days.

Postal Business.

A table has been prepared by the third assistant postmaster general showing the increase and decrease of sales of postage stamps, envelopes, postal cards, etc., for the month ended August 31st, last, as compared with the corresponding period of the previous year, at thirty of the large postoffices. From the table it appears that there were increases in the sales in the following named cities: New York, 8.95 per cent; Chicago, 12.37; Philadelphia 14.3; Boston, 8.62; St. Louis, 5.51; Cincinnati, 22.76; Baltimore, 15.26; San Francisco, 12.70; Brooklyn, 14.36; Pittsburgh, 16.94; Cleveland, 27.36; Washington, 7.13; Buffalo, 49.41; Rochester, 62.79; Milwaukee, 12.57; Providence, 16.31; Kansas City, 30.68; Indianapolis, 17.90; Albany, 8.21; St. Paul, 16.50; Hartford, 1.73; Newark, 16.02; Troy, 30.53; and Minneapolis, 26.51.

Decreases are shown in the following cities: Detroit, 0.55 per cent; New Orleans, 5.61; Louisville, 7.59; Syracuse, 13.05; Toledo, 2.80; and Richmond, Va., 5.71. The total increase of sales was 12.06 per cent, or \$142,068.

Personal Resemblances.

From the Detroit Free Press.

Since the story of Mr. Ross' search for his lost son Charley there has been nothing so pathetic as the story of young Conant of his search for his lost father, the former editor of Harper's Weekly, who disappeared so mysteriously a year ago.

Some very curious adventures have grown out of his researches. In the first place, the day after the father disappeared and the son was searching for him in a Jersey city hotel the father was in an upper room of that hotel. But as the night porter did not know him and he had failed to register his name, the son was quite unaware of his nearness to him. Soon after the son left, the father came down stairs, and in the temporary absence of the clerk, who did know him, put his name on the register, went out of the hotel and was never seen again. Thus the two almost crossed each other's tracks but without knowing it, separated again and all trace of the wanderer was absolutely lost.

The search for him revealed the fact that a much larger number of persons than is generally supposed disappear and are sought by their friends; and that many persons closely resemble one another except in one or two particulars. One corpse differed from an exact description of his father only in the fact that its two front teeth were not artificial like the missing man's teeth. Then a newspaper man who could, like Conant, speak three or four foreign languages, applied for assistance in a newspaper office near Louisville, Ky., and was afterward found drowned; but it was not Mr. Conant. A man all three of whose names, Samuel Stillman Conant, were the same as the editor's, sent a communication to a weekly paper in New York from a poor-house in New England. On Conant's brother going to him, he found that it was not the one he was in search of, but a man whom he had known in business several years before. On coming home from Europe after a vain search, young Conant saw the perfect image of his father sitting at a table in the steamer's cabin, with the same hair, forehead, nose, mustache, ring, eye-glasses and attitude, while writing. The son stood transfixed at the thought of this unexpected end of his search. Just then the man arose. He was half a head shorter than his father.

As in the case of young Ross, external resemblance would mislead the relatives into disappointing visits half across the continent, and even to telegraph to Australia to take into custody the alleged fugitive, when there was no such person ever on board the ship. The family still believe him alive, and have a theory that he is hiding in New York, which he might do for years undetected.

Another close personal resemblance was that between Pierce, the Texas stock man killed near Atlanta, Ga., last December, and the husband of the woman who said it was her husband's body; that his real name was Weaver, which he changed to Pierce on going to Texas. But Weaver has just been found alive. He has the same marks by which his widow and others identified the body when she sued the railroad for damages. Whether she was actually deceived by the points of likeness, or took advantage of it to sustain her claim against the railroad, the closeness of the likeness was quite note-worthy.

Schools of the Olden Times.

According to the local histories, the Long Island schoolhouse of the olden time was the least pretentious of all buildings, says the New York Mail and Express. No ornamentations of any kind seemed to have occurred to the old settlers in the erection of churches and schoolhouses. Yet around them cling many pleasant and happy memories. The schoolhouses were not painted inside or out, nor were the walls or ceilings plastered. The wood for fuel was supplied in a loose way, each scholar being required to bring his share of wood every day, and the rooms were cleaned by the scholars. In those days children were taught to show the greatest deference and respect for their teachers. In the academy of Jamaica, in 1792, it was in the bylaws that when a tutor or any gentleman comes in or goes out of the schoolroom, every scholar should rise up with a respectful bow. There was generally but one book—a reader. The teachers only had an arithmetic, called the schoolmaster's assistant. In those days grammar was not taught intelligently, for the master did not understand it himself. He set the pupils at memorizing the words all through the book. The schoolroom was only supplied with long, low pine desks, and oaken benches without backs were the scholars' seats. The teacher had a high oaken stool, and kept a hickory whip by his side, which he used unmercifully when occasion required. Steel pens, ruled paper and ready made writing books had not been thought of. One hundred years ago the schoolmasters were permanent, and, next to the minister of the gospel, were the most important men in the community. They frequently helped the ministers in their official duties. Some teachers held the same position for 30 years. The salary was small, a tax on property covering all school expenses.

JUDGE ZUBIA'S DECISION.

Why the Mexican Jurist Held Cutting as Guilty of a Crime.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 13.—The Diario, the official government organ, to-day contains important documents regarding the Cutting case, including the full text of the decision of Judge Zubia at Paso Del Norte, which show clearly and unmistakably that the court held Cutting for a crime begun on Mexican soil, and continued simultaneously in Texas and Mexico. This puts a new phase on the case, as it shows Judge Zubia regarded the case as one continuous act. In passing sentence on Cutting, the judge said the basis of the criminal proceeding against the defendant was the first proof before him that he had committed an offense classed as a crime by the law, the evidence of which was afforded beyond dispute, by a publication which appeared in *El Centinella*, on June 6 last, a paper published on Mexican soil; secondly, that although it was true there was an act of concealment which would have satisfied the offended party had it been complied with, it was also true this act of concealment was not fulfilled and, therefore, the crime still stood; third, proof of lack of compliance with the aim of concealment is found in a communication printed by Cutting in the *El Paso Sunday Herald* in which he renewed his defamatory charges against Medina, and at the same time published an article in *El Centinella* on Mexican soil, in which he suppressed the capital letters and put the name of Medina in microscopic type in order to make its reading difficult; fourth, the renewal of the charges did not constitute a new offense but was confirmation of previous charges; fifth, this being so the criminal responsibility of Cutting arose from the publication in *El Centinella*, which was renewed in a Texas paper, his renewal or ratification not constituting a new crime which should be punished with a different penalty than that which corresponded to the first publication.

The judge further says: "Even supposing, without conceding it, that the crime of defamation had been committed in Texas, the fact that Cutting had in Paso del Norte copies of the *El Paso Sunday Herald* of which Medina complained, and which were by order of the court seized, on the premises of Cutting on Mexican soil, constitutes properly a consummation of the crime according to the penal code."

Judge Zubia lays special emphasis on the fact that Cutting actually circulated on Mexican soil his renewal of the libel published in Texas, and declares that were the case reversed he would be punishable under the present code in Texas.

A. P. Cushing, an American lawyer, sums up Zubia's decision thus: Cutting was convicted of a repetition of the libel first published in Mexico and reprinted more virulently in Texas, which he then brought over and distributed in Mexico and it was the distribution in Mexico of the second libel and not the printing of the same in Texas for which he was convicted, the libel having been read by three or more persons, as required by the statutes of the state of Chihuahua. Cutting pleaded in bar to the jurisdiction of the Mexican court that the paper had been printed in Texas. He did not, however, deny that the paper had been circulated on the Mexican soil, which was a fact, numerous copies having been seized there by order of the court. This aspect of the case takes away the phase of a conflict of law of the two countries. The publication of a full text of Judge Zubia's decision is regarded here as patting the case out of international controversy.

Of a Cure for Ladies.

The new treatment for ladies' diseases discovered by Dr. Mary A. Gregg, the distinguished English Physician and nurse, will have revolutionized the entire mode of treating these ailments in England, is now being introduced into the U. S. under a fair and novel plan.

Sufficient of this remedy for one month's trial treatment will be sent free to every lady who is suffering from any disease common to the sex who sends her address and 13 2ct stamps for expense, charges, etc.

It is a positive cure for any form of female disease and the fee for trial is many times sufficient to effect a permanent cure. Full directions accompany the package (which is put up in a plain wrapper) also price list for future reference. No trial packages will be sent after October 1st, 1886. Address: GREGG REMEDY COMPANY, PALMERA, N. Y.

Mrs. Belva A. Lockwood, who was a candidate for presidential honors in 1884, has announced that she will join hands with the prohibitionists in the coming campaign.

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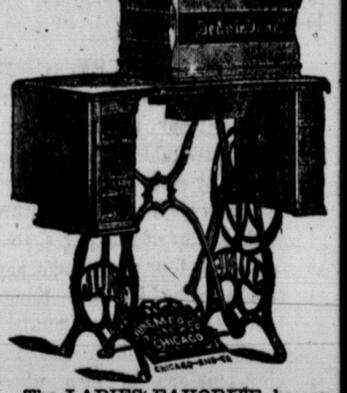
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Christianity, by Abbott. A grand chance. A \$4 book at the popular price of \$1.75. Liberal terms. The religious papers mention it as one of few great religious works of the world. Greater success never known by agents. Terms free. STINSON & Co., Publishers, Portland, Maine.

Ever since the Michigan Central Railroad was built it has been a favorite with the traveling public, because its roadbed was smooth, its cars elegant, and its service admirable, but since the road built a new bridge across the Niagara river below the falls, and a station, called Falls View, right beside the horse-shoe falls, everybody wants to go that way. Many people cannot stop at Niagara Falls, from one train to another, and they never could see enough of the Falls from the old bridge to amount to anything, but now, by the new "Falls Route" of the Michigan Central, they can stand on a high bluff for ten minutes, right above the seething, boiling cauldron, and see more of the falls in that time than they could to stop over for a day. From "Falls View" station the Michigan Central gives its passengers the most beautiful view to be seen on this earth. There may be more beautiful views on some other earth, but no railroad runs there yet.—Geo. W. Peck in Peck's Sun.

A huge derrick-pole fell and severely injured the foot of mechanical engineer E. R. Hoyt at the New Orleans Exposition, and after only three applications of St. Jacobs Oil, all the swelling and pain disappeared.

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MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL.

On what Ground the Condemned Anarchists Seek for a Re-Hearing.

The written motion for a new trial in behalf of the condemned anarchists and the several affidavits in support of it have been filed with the State's Attorney. The motion cites the following to sustain the motion:

1. The verdict in said court is contrary to the law and evidence.
2. There is no evidence in the record supporting or justifying said verdict.
3. The court erred in giving the several instructions asked and given on behalf of the people.
4. The court erred in refusing to give the several instructions which were asked on behalf of defendants and refused by the court.
5. The court erred in admitting improper, incompetent, irrelevant and immaterial testimony offered on behalf of the people.
6. The court erred in excluding testimony offered in behalf of said defendants.
7. The trial of the said cause was not had before, nor was the verdict therein rendered by an impartial jury.
8. There was misconduct upon the part of the officers of the law in the selection and summoning of the jurors in said cause so that the persons summoned under the various special venire issued in said cause were not impartial jurors, but were with special reference to their known or supposed prejudices against the defendants and for the purpose of insuring a conviction of the defendants in said cause.
9. There is newly discovered evidence touching the issues involved in said cause.
10. The closing argument of the state's attorney was improper in its statement of substantive matters not in evidence, in its appeals to the prejudices and passions of the jury, in its misstatements of the issues and in its abusiveness toward the defendants; all having a tendency to mislead the jury and prevent a fair and impartial verdict.
11. The court erred in its several rulings as to the qualifications of jurors and their competency, and in refusing to allow defendants to ask of the jurors certain questions proposed to be put to them, and also in allowing to the state more than twenty peremptory challenges in the cause.
12. The court erred in modifying the instructions asked in behalf of the defendants.
13. The court erred in overruling the motions of defendants Spies, Schwab, Fielden and Neebe for a separate trial.

There were eight affidavits filed in support of the motion. John Sorrell made affidavit that he was not an anarchist, and that on one Sunday morning shortly following the 4th of May he had heard Juror Randall say in reference to Spies, Fisher, Fielden, Parsons, and others that they ought to be hung. The defendants themselves set forth jointly that, since their trial, certain evidence—such as the affidavit of Deluse and reports of opinions expressed by the jurors—has come to their knowledge and they will be better prepared for a second defense.

John Philip Deluse, a saloon keeper at Indianapolis, whose story was printed in the papers at the time he first made it public, asserts and swears that at 7 o'clock on a morning in May of this year an unknown man, wearing a mustache and dressed in dark clothes, came to his place, and, setting a small satchel on the bar, asked for a drink. Taking his whisky, the customer said he came from New York and was on his way to Chicago. Speaking briefly about the pending labor trouble, the stranger closed with the remark that the saloon-keeper would shortly hear of trouble in Chicago. Pointing to his satchel he continued: "I have got something in here that will work. You will hear of it." Turning at the door as he departed the unknown emphasized: "You will hear of it soon." Shortly following this episode the news of the Hay-market tragedy reached Deluse. The deponent appeals to a certain Oscar Sputh as a witness to this strange conversation, and this individual follows in an affidavit to the truth of the statement.

Jacob L. Bieler of Indianapolis testifies that he heard Sputh tell on last Saturday of the incident with Deluse's strange customer back in May.
 Thomas J. Morgan, a reputed socialist declares that he heard Juror Denker say: "It don't make any difference whether it is like him or not—he and the whole crew ought to be hanged. Morgan swears that Denker made this statement at Woodlawn May 5 in a dispute concerning a portrait of Spies in a daily newspaper and its resemblance to the original.
 Thomas S. Morgan, the son of the foregoing deponent, upholds the truth of his father's affidavit.
 The counsel for the defense promise an affidavit at an early date impeaching Juror Cole.
 State's Attorney Grinnell, in speaking of the motion, said the impeachment of the jurors will not avail, and that the Deluse affidavit, which is the main point of the new evidence, is little more than buncombe.

Saving a Monument Committee.
 The erection of the Garfield monument continues to interest the people, and the matter has been discussed very freely since the exposure of the queer work of the trustees and contractors in the building of the shaft. It is understood that suits are soon to be begun by subscribers to the fund to compel the trustees of the monument to reveal the price agreed upon for its erection. They have been figuring upon the cost, basing their calculations on the claim that some \$20,000 will be saved by lopping off 75 feet at the top of the monument. That would be \$366.50 per foot. At that rate the remaining 175 feet will cost \$46,666.66. Allowing \$25,000 for interior decoration, the sum total will be \$91,666. They believe that the contract price will not exceed \$95,000.

Interesting Notes.
 At Kaukauna, Wis., workmen engaged in excavating a sewer came upon the ruins of a stone building at the depth of eight feet. The stone first found bore traces of fine workmanship and polish. Further digging developed a quantity of ashes, about twenty-five bushels of which were removed, when another wall was struck. The stones were finely faced, some being blackened as if by fire and smoke. Others must have been subjected to great artificial heat, as they had crumbled into lime. The work was found but a foot or two above bed rock, and shows evidence of workmanship that could be performed only by a highly civilized race. It must have been done centuries ago, as a large elm tree had grown over the ruins. The discovery has led to the advancement of many theories.

Gen. Miles Reports.
 Gen. Miles' annual report has been received at the war department. In it is included his report of the pursuit and capture of Geronimo and his band. The circumstances connected with the surrender of Geronimo are briefly stated, and show that the surrender was conditional—that it was made on the promise of Gen. Miles that he would protect the lives of the prisoners and take them out of the jurisdiction of the civil authorities of Arizona. Gen. Drum has submitted the report to the president.

Chicago Tribune: "If the plural of goose is geese, the plural of moose must be meese," says an exchange. Not at all; for the rule doesn't work both ways in the first instance. Two natives of Portugal would be Portuguese, but one native would not be Portuguese in philology, however he or she might be fitly so described in fact.

The wide spread fame of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is justly won by its own merits, and the reputation it has gained has been secured by its universal use.

Senator Stanford usually gives away the money won by his racing stud.
 Ex-Attorney General H. Williams is now practicing law in Portland, Oregon.

John W. Bookwalter of Ohio, is in Europe hunting up rare tapestries and works of art.

A. B. Steinberger, the former "king of the Samoan island," is living quietly in Philadelphia.

Schuyler Colfax's cousin, Harriet, has been lighthouse keeper at Michigan City for twenty five years.

"The water flowed like champagne," wittily said Mr. Everts, when speaking of one of President Hayes' dinner parties in the white house.

Congressman William Preston Taulbee, who hails from the "Blue Grass district," is now preaching at a camp meeting in northern Kentucky.

In mining districts where men have been burned or bruised by carelessness, Salvation Oil has been used to great advantage. It is now sold by all druggists at twenty-five cents.

General Miles, the Indian fighter, is taking a holiday in New York.

I wish I could tell all sufferers from rheumatism to use Athlophoros, it has done so much for me by saving my child's life. All I used was one bottle which cured her in three days. Mrs. C. W. Brown, 143 Sixth street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

The oldest inhabitant of Cape Cod is Mrs. Donsilla Laba, who is familiarly known as "Aunt Laba." She recently passed her 90th birthday.

An Awful Doom
 of any nature is usually avoided by those who have foresight. Those who read this who have foresight will lose no time in writing to Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine, to learn about work which they can do at a profit of from \$5 to \$25 and upwards per day and live at home, wherever they are located. Some have earned over \$50 in a day. All is new. Capital not required. You are started free. Both sexes. All ages. Particulars free. A great reward awaits every worker.

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W. N. U. D.—4—41

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For Secretary of State—**GILBERT R. OSMUN** of Wayne.
For State Treasurer—**GEORGE L. MALTZ** of Alpena.
For Auditor General—**HENRY H. APLIN** of Bay.
For Attorney General—**MOSES TAGGART** of Kent.
For Commissioner of State Land Office—**ROSCOE D. DIX** of Berrien.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction—**JOSEPH ESTABOOK** of Eaton.
For Member of the State Board of Education—**SAMUELS B. BABCOCK** of Wayne.
For Representative in Congress 2nd district—**E. P. ALLEN** of Washtenaw.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Governor—**GEO. L. YAPLE** of St. Joseph.
For Lieutenant Governor—**S. S. CURRY** of Marquette.
For Secretary of State—**P. B. WACHTEL** of Emmet.
For State Treasurer—**Wm. G. BEARD** of Bay.
For Auditor General—**J. D. FARRAR** of Macomb.
For Attorney General—**JOHN C. DONNELLY** of Wayne.
For Commissioner of State Land Office—**WM. D. FULLER** of Newaygo.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction—**DAVID PARSONS** of Wayne.
For Member of the State board of Education—**JEROME W. TURNER** of Shiawassee.
For Representative in Congress—2nd district—**LESTER H. SALSBUURY** of Lenawee.

State Prohibition Ticket.

For Governor—**SAMUEL DICKEY**, of Albion.
For Lieutenant Governor—**CHARLES MOSHER**, of Mosherville.
For Secretary of State—**JOHN EVANS** of Bellevue.
For Treasurer—**AARON C. FISHER**, of Detroit.
For Auditor General—**S. B. WILLIAMS** of Saginaw City.
For Attorney General—**J. R. LALING** of Flint.
For Commissioner of State Land Office—**CHAS. E. FRASER**, of Petoskey.
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A FEW MORE CASH JOBS EACH week.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS OF ARRANGE money from delinquent subscribers.

Legal.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,
Probate Court for Washtenaw County.
In the matter of the estate of John C. Winans, deceased.
It having been determined by those interested in said estate to settle up and distribute said estate at once
Notice is hereby given, to all those indebted to said estate by notes or overdue mortgages that they are required to make payment of the same on or before October 15th, 1886, so as to enable said executor to render his final account on the 15th day of October next, that being the day set by order of the Court to render said account.
Dated, September 21, 1886.
GEORGE J. CROWELL, Executor.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.
COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, } ss.
At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the 20th day of September in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty six.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of John C. Winans, deceased, George J. Crowell, the executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such Executor.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, the 19th day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees, legatees and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed; and it is further ordered, that said Executor give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the CHESAPEA HERALD, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.
WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
[A true copy.] Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.
COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, } ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Friday, the 24th day of Sept., in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty six.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Lovina Tichenor deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Franklin Cooper praying that administration of said estate may be granted to Ada Conklin or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 25th day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be allowed; and it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the CHESAPEA HERALD, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.
WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
[A true copy.] Wm. G. Doty, Judge of Probate.
Probate Register.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.
COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, } ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the 6th day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty six.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Lydia Franklin, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Jennie Franklin, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that she and Mott Franklin may be appointed executors thereof.

Thereupon it is ordered, That Monday, the 8th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the CHESAPEA HERALD, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.
WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
[A True Copy] Judge of Probate.
Wm. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

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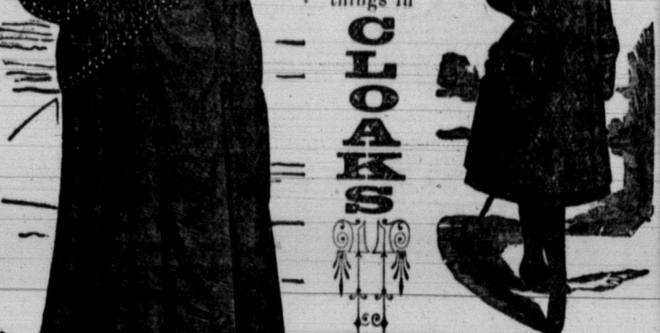
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